

High-end **Converter**

# M-1620 Pro D

DANTE | MADI

16-Channel A/D, 20-Channel D/A Converter  
with Dante®, MADI and ADAT®



## User's Guide



# RME M-1620 Pro D User's Guide

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**⚠ WARNING****DO NOT OPEN DEVICE - RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK**

The unit has non-isolated live parts inside. No user serviceable parts inside. Refer service to qualified service personnel.

**⚠ CAUTION****General Safety Information**

Read read the following safety information thoroughly and keep it in a safe place for later reference.

**KEEP AWAY FROM WATER AND MOISTURE**

Prevent moisture and water from entering the device. Never leave objects containing liquid on top or near the device. Do not use this product near water, i. e. swimming pool, bathtub or wet basement. Danger of condensation inside - do not turn on before the device has reached room temperature.

**ENSURE PROPER VENTILATION**

Do not cover the vents on the side of the unit. Ensure proper ventilation to avoid overheating. The maximum ambient operating temperature of the device is 35° C (95° F).

**MAINS**

The apparatus shall be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective earthing connection. Do not use defective power cords. Ensure that the AC socket outlet for the device or an external power supply is easily accessible.

**Operation of the device is limited to the description in this manual.**

**NOTICE****Read the User Manual**

Please read this manual completely before using the product. It includes all information necessary to use and operate this device.

## 2. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the M-1620 Pro D.

The **M-1620 Pro D** is a versatile multichannel format converter with exceptional audio quality across each of its channels. State-of-the-art components from audiophile grade converters have been carefully aligned to fit into a compact, 1 HU 19" rack device.

The device was designed to use the entire front for visual feedback on its state and configuration. A display with encoder gives access to all configuration options directly at the device. Two headphone outputs at the front can receive any signal connected to the device, whether analog or digital. The analog I/O at the back are accessible via D-Sub 25 connectors.

Each analog channel can be individually adjusted to three different sensitivities that are perfectly matched to the converter's range. While this is usually implemented with digital 'trims', the M-1620 Pro D does the adjustment in the analog domain, ensuring that the converter's signal to noise ratio is not reduced when adapting to common line levels.

Various remote control protocols allow the device to be configured seamlessly using a JSON OSC API, and a web interface accessible by network or USB connection with a browser.

By integrating Audinate's Dante® IP Core on a custom built RME FPGA platform, RME is not only delivering a highly flexible solution but also gets one step closer to achieving a truly universal Audio Networking experience. Any signal reaching the M-1620 Pro D can be routed and streamed over IP networks, including MADI signals!

The coaxial MADI port and a slot for a second, independent or redundant optical MADI port (SFP module) can be used for daisy chaining, merging and converting MADI signals with lowest latencies.

### 2.1. About This Manual

This document was created for firmware **1.3.2** on **2025-06-24**. For an updated firmware, please check <https://www.rme-audio.com>.

Features described in this manual can change, for example when the device firmware is updated. It is therefore recommended to refer to the latest version of the manual available online.

<https://docs.rme-audio.com/m1620d>

The following manual provides a detailed explanation of features and their proper use. Please read the safety instructions carefully.

Although the contents of this manual have been thoroughly checked for errors, RME can not guarantee that it is correct throughout. RME does not accept responsibility for any misleading or incorrect information within this guide. RME reserves the right to change specifications at any time without notice.

### 2.2. Firmware Update

New and improved features for this device, as well as bug fixes, are published on the RME website in the download section as a firmware update. The update is provided as a compressed file with a **.swu** extension and can be uploaded via web remote over USB or network.

*To update the M-1620 Pro D:*

1. Connect the device by USB or network cable and open the Web Remote.

See: [Section 8.5.1, "Finding the Device on a Network"](#)

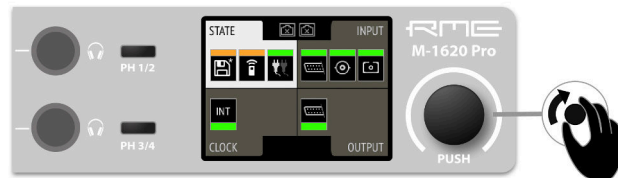
2. Download the current firmware from the RME website.
3. Unpack the compressed file.
4. Open the **Settings** in the Web Remote.
5. Within the **Firmware Update** section, press the **Select .swu Firmware File** button and locate the unpacked file.
6. Press **Start Firmware Update**.



The unit retains all settings, including presets, when the firmware is upgraded.

## 2.3. Use of the Display and Encoder

The M-1620 Pro D can be controlled directly at the unit. For this purpose, a display and an encoder provide access to all features.

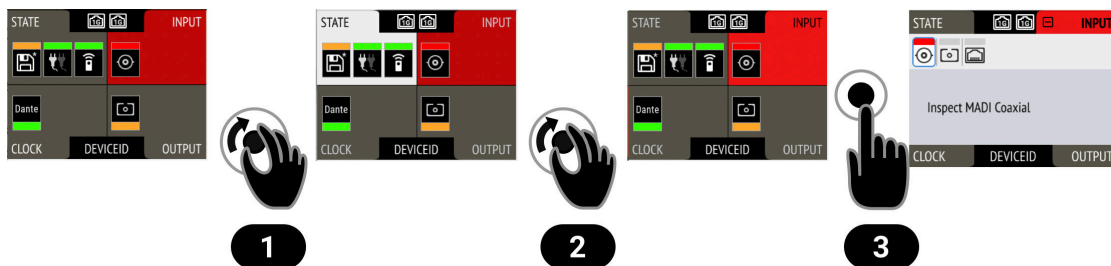


- Rotating the encoder when the standby screen is shown highlights one of four sections.
- Pushing the encoder when the screen is idle activates the previously active tab.
- Pushing the encoder when a section is highlighted opens the corresponding section.

### 2.3.1. Sections

All control items are categorized into four sections:

- **STATE** for general settings
- **INPUT** for audio input related settings
- **OUTPUT** for audio output related settings and routing
- **CLOCK** for digital clock related settings




To access the **INPUT** section:

1. Rotate the encoder to highlight the "STATE" section
2. Rotate the encoder to highlight the "INPUT" section
3. Push the encoder to open the "INPUT" section.

### 2.3.2. Tabs

The **STATE**, **INPUT** and **OUTPUT** sections are further divided into **tabs**, which are shown when the section is opened. Upon opening one of the four sections, a white cursor with a surrounding blue line is shown to navigate between tabs and settings.



To close the section, move the cursor onto the minimize-icon  and confirm by pressing the encoder.

### 2.4. Status Indicator Color Chart

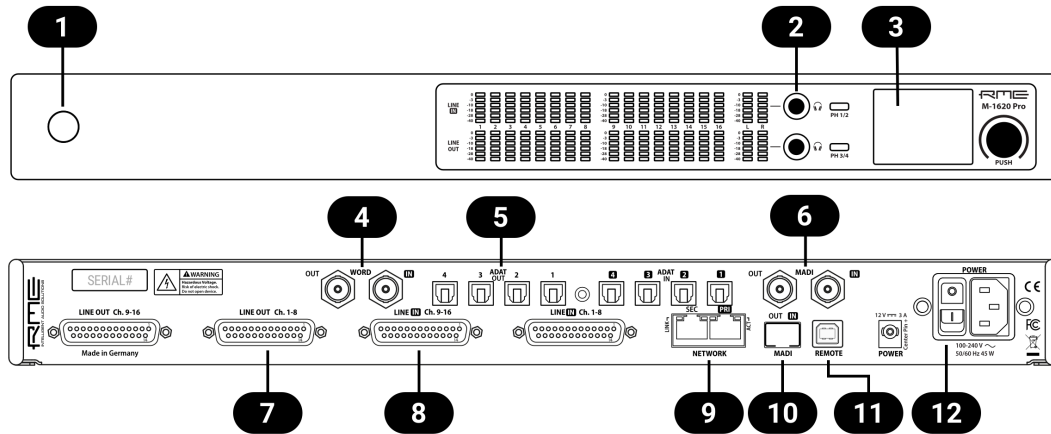
Notifications on this device have been optimized for different screen sizes. They are unified across the device display and the web remote and include a color bar that indicates the current state at a glance.

The following table shows the possible status indicator colors for reference.

Status	Color	Description
Warning	red	Requires a configuration change or matching external signal.
Notice	yellow	There is a potential issue.
Notice (in progress)	yellow with dots	There is a temporary issue that should resolve automatically.
No Routing	light green	<i>In output section:</i> Output is sending an empty signal.
Issues with Input	light green	<i>On standby screen in output section:</i> Output is working, but there are issues with the input signal.
Good	green	Working normally, no issues detected.
Inactive	grey	Feature is not monitored or disabled.



### 3. Hardware



- 1**      [Section 3.4, “Standby Switch”](#)
- 2**      [Section 3.6, “Headphone Outputs”](#)
- 3**      [Section 3.8, “Control Section”](#)
- 4**      [Section 3.18, “Word Clock”](#)
- 5**      [Section 3.16, “ADAT Inputs and Outputs”](#)
- 6**      [Section 3.15, “MADI Coaxial and SFP”](#)
- 7**      [Section 3.12, “Analog Line Output Connectors”](#)
- 8**      [Section 3.10, “Analog Line Input Connectors”](#)
- 9**      [Section 3.17, “Network Connection”](#)
- 10**     [MADI SFP Option](#)
- 11**     [Section 3.19, “USB 2.0 Type B Jack”](#)
- 12**     [Section 3.9, “Power Supplies”](#)

### 3.1. Hardware Specifications

	RME M-1620 Pro D
EAN	42 6012336 356 7
Dimensions	440 x 44 x 243 mm (17.3 x 1.7 x 9.6 inches)
Weight	2.8 kg (6.2 lbs)
Package	560 x 315 x 115 mm (22.1 x 12.4 x 4.5 inches)
Conformity	CE, FCC, WEEE, RoHS
Power supplies	45 W 100-240 V AC, Optional external 12 V DC 3 A
Power consumption	

### 3.2. Package Contents

The package of the M-1620 Pro D contains the following items:

- M-1620 Pro D
- two rack mount brackets
- four screws for rack mount brackets
- one power cord
- printed manual



If any item is missing from a factory-sealed package, please contact [your support](#) immediately.

### 3.3. Power On

The M-1620 Pro D has a power off switch at the rear and a standby switch at the front.

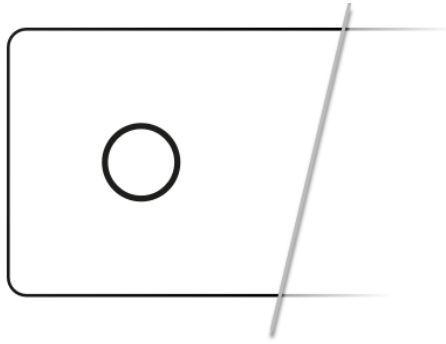
*Perform the following steps to power on the M-1620 Pro D:*

1. Ensure either or both power inlets are properly connected to a power source.
2. Toggle the mains switch at the back of the device to position **I** (*down*). The power indicator will light up in red (Standby) or white (On). This depends on the state of the device before the rear switch was toggled or the power cord removed.
3. If the device is in standby mode, push the standby switch to boot the device.



The M-1620 Pro D features a [dark mode](#) which deactivates some or all lights of the front panel. This can be used to let the device appear powered off when it is in fact powered on. A short push on the standby switch or the the encoder deactivates this mode temporarily.

### 3.4. Standby Switch



The standby switch is used to power off the device when it is not in use. While in standby mode, the device is completely powered down except for a red ring illumination. No signals are processed or passed on.

*Possible actions:*



- When the device is in standby mode, a short push on the standby switch boots the device.
- When the device is powered on, push and hold the standby switch for several seconds in order to power down the device.

### 3.5. Ring Illumination

The following illumination patterns are possible:

*No illumination*



- There is no power at either of the two AC inlets.
- The power switch at the rear of the device is set to 'Off'.
- **Dark mode** has been activated.

*Permanent red illumination*



- The device is **powered off** but is receiving power at either one of the AC inlets.

*Permanent white illumination*



- The device is **powered on** and all systems are working without warning.

*Alternating red/white illumination*



- Something is not working properly. This is triggered when one of the four display sections: **STATE, INPUT, OUTPUT, or CLOCK** shows a **warning**.

### 3.6. Headphone Outputs

The M-1620 Pro D features two headphone outputs, 1/4" (6.3mm) TRS, on the front panel. They can also function as a dual mono unbalanced outputs with individual routing and gain control and as a mono balanced line level outputs. Any digital or analog input signal can be monitored.



- ! Do not use TS (Mono, unbalanced) connectors at this output.
- ! When using "balanced" mode, the output signal increases by 6.02 dB.

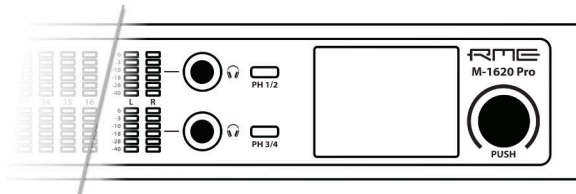
### 3.7. Phones Specifications

Phones 1/2, 3/4:

- Resolution: 24 Bit
- Output: 6.3 mm TRS stereo (unbalanced) or mono (balanced) jack
- Maximum output level +4 dBu / +19 dBu (+10 dBu / +25 dBu in balanced mode)
- Output level switchable separately for each TRS connector
- Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) @ 19 dBu: > 109 dB RMS unweighted, > 111 dB(A)
- Frequency response @ 44.1 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 20.0 kHz (Sharp Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 96 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 20.0 kHz (Slow Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 96 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 44.3 kHz (Sharp Filter)
- Frequency response @ 192 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 43 kHz (Slow Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 192 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 85 kHz (Sharp Filter)
- THD+N @ 4 dBu, 32 Ohms load: < -100 dB, < 0.001 %
- THD+N @ 19 dBu, 100 Ohms load: < -100 dB, < 0.001 %

### 3.8. Control Section

The M-1620 Pro D can be configured at the device.



To do so, the TFT display shows a menu. The adjacent encoder knob is used to navigate and change settings.



The encoder can be **pushed** in order to activate an item,



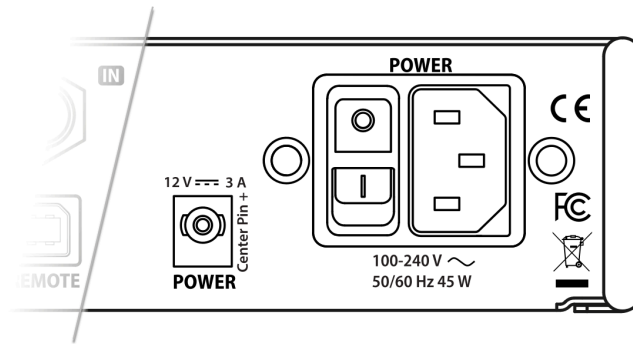
and **rotated** left and right in order to select an item.



If the device is powered on but the display shows no content, **dark mode** may be active. Rotate the encoder to temporarily bypass this mode and show the display.

### 3.9. Power Supplies

The M-1620 Pro D has an internal power supply (PSU) that is connected via an IEC C14 inlet labeled "PSU" at the rear of the device. It is a high performance switch mode power supply that accepts 100V to 240V AC. It is short-circuit-proof, has an integrated line-filter, is fully regulated against voltage fluctuations, and suppresses mains interference.



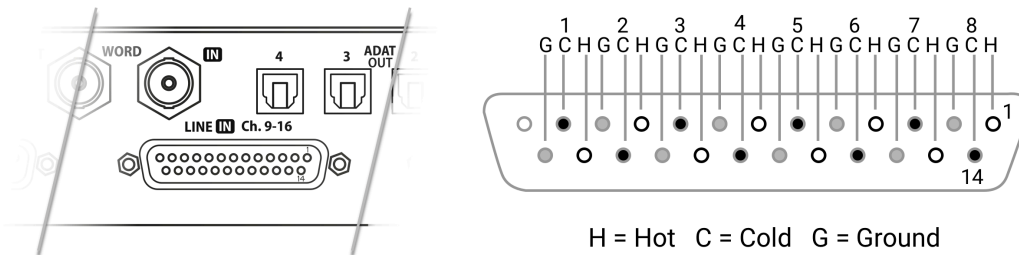
The **power switch** next to the inlet internally disconnects the line and neutral connection to the internal power supply. Ground will remain connected.

#### 12 V DC inlet

An optional external power supply can be connected instead of - or in addition to - the internal power supply. Redundancy is established when both inlets are connected to a power source. Additionally, both inlets are internally monitored. The M-1620 Pro D can warn when one of the inlets receives no power.

The power supply must be capable of delivering 3 A at 12 V DC and connect with a type A (IEC 60130-10) plug (5.5 mm outer diameter, 2.1 mm inner diameter, positive polarity, optional lock tab).

### 3.10. Analog Line Input Connectors



The rear of the M-1620 Pro D features two 25-pin D-sub connectors labeled "LINE IN" with Tascam®-pinout.

These analog inputs are servo-balanced, allowing balanced and unbalanced signals to be connected without a difference in level.



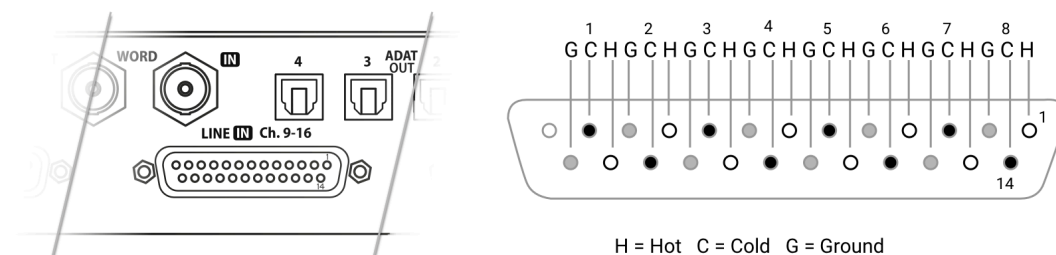
When using unbalanced connections, be sure to connect pin 3 (negative/"cold") to pin 1 (ground), to avoid noise from the unconnected pin 3 input.

### 3.11. AD Converter Specifications

#### Line In 1-16:

- Resolution: 24 bit
- Input level switchable per channel +24 dBu, +19 dBu, +13 dBu @ 0 dBFS
- Inputs AC coupled, fully symmetrical signal path (servo-balanced)
- Input Impedance 9.5 kΩ
- Signal to Noise ratio (SNR) @ +24 dBu, 44.1 kHz: 117.0 dB RMS unweighted, 120.7 dBA
- Signal to Noise ratio (SNR) @ +19 dBu: 116.3 dB RMS unweighted, 119.9 dBA
- Signal to Noise ratio (SNR) @ +13 dBu: 114.7 dB RMS unweighted, 118.3 dBA
- Frequency response @ 44.1 kHz, -0.1 dB: 5 Hz – 20.5 kHz
- THD @ -1 dBFS: < -111 dB, < 0.00029%
- THD+N @ -1 dBFS: < -108 dB, < 0.00039 %
- Channel separation: > 110 dB

### 3.12. Analog Line Output Connectors



The rear of the M-1620 Pro D features two 25-pin D-sub connectors labeled "LINE OUT" with Tascam®-pinout.



The short circuit protected, low impedance balanced line outputs at the D-Sub

connectors do not operate servo balanced. When connecting unbalanced equipment, make sure pin 3 ("cold") of the output is not connected. A connection to ground may cause a decreased THD (higher distortion) and increased power consumption!

### 3.13. DA Converter Specifications

*Line Out 1-16:*

- Resolution: 24 bit
- Output level switchable per channel +24 dBu, +19 dBu, +13 dBu @ 0 dBFS
- Outputs DC coupled, fully symmetrical signal path ("truly balanced")
- Output impedance: 200 Ohm balanced, 100 Ohm unbalanced
- Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) @ 13 dBu: 119.2 dB RMS unweighted
- Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) @ 19 dBu: 119.7 dB RMS unweighted
- Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) @ 24 dBu: 119.9 dB RMS unweighted
- Frequency response @ 44.1 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 20.3 kHz (Sharp Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 96 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 30 kHz (Slow Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 96 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 44.1 kHz (Sharp Filter)
- Frequency response @ 192 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 60.5 kHz (Slow Filter, default)
- Frequency response @ 192 kHz, -0.1 dB: 0 Hz – 85 kHz (Sharp Filter)
- THD @ 19 dBu: < -120 dB, < 0.0001 %
- THD+N @ 19 dBu: < -113 dB, < 0.0002 %
- Channel separation: > 110 dB

### 3.14. Analog Line Levels

The M-1620 Pro D can be adjusted to the following reference levels:

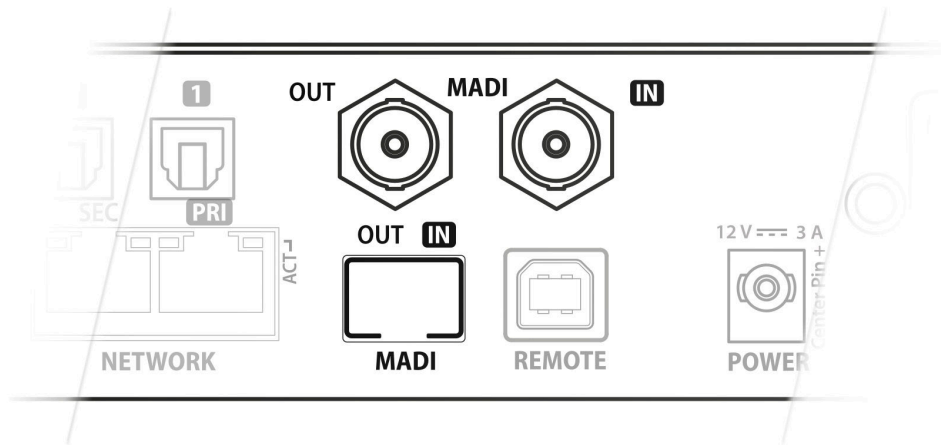
Reference	0 dBFS	Headroom at +4dBu	Other RME devices
+24	+24 dBu	20 dB	-
+19	+19 dBu	15 dB	LoGain
+13	+13 dBu	9 dB	+4 dBu



When set to +24, analog outputs comply with **RP 155:2014 - SMPTE Recommended Practice**.

### 3.15. MADI Coaxial and SFP

The rear of the M-1620 Pro D features coaxial and SFP MADI (AES10-2003) I/O.



Each input receives up to 64 audio channels. **Auto Input** (see [Section 9.2.2, “Connecting Two Identical MADI Signals for Redundancy”](#)) can be activated to treat both inputs as one.

The coaxial BNC connector accepts coaxial cables with 75  $\Omega$  impedance.

The "small form-factor pluggable" connector (**SFP**) accepts 125 MBit/s transceivers with LC connectors, 1310nm wavelength and multi-mode (MM) or single-mode (SM) cable support. These must be purchased separately (see [Section 4, “Accessories”](#)).

An SFP module has indicators to distinguish transmitter (▼) and receiver (▲). It can be inserted and removed while the device is powered on (hot plugging). Any plugged in connector must be removed before unlocking the SFP. Unlock and remove by pulling its integrated wire latch outward.



The wire latch of the SFP module is color coded. Black stands for the most common multimode module, blue stands for single mode which allows longer distance transmissions. It is possible, but not reliable to connect single mode transceivers with multi mode transceivers. Avoid this by always confirming that connected devices match the specification of the fiber optic cable.

On the device, the characteristics and state of the signal at either input can be inspected in the [INPUT section](#).

*The presence or loss of a signal at either port is indicated on the standby screen and main menu if*

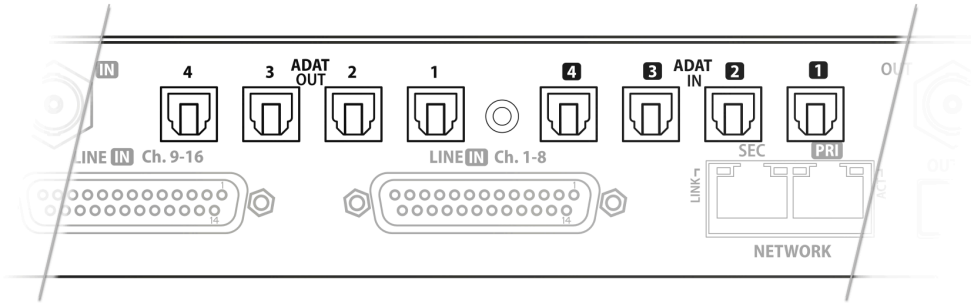
- the input port is selected as **clock master**, or
- its audio channels are routed in the **OUTPUT** section.

When using the web remote, the characteristics and state of the signal at either input can be inspected in the [CLOCK section](#).

### 3.16. ADAT Inputs and Outputs

Four ADAT inputs and four outputs can be found at the rear of the device.





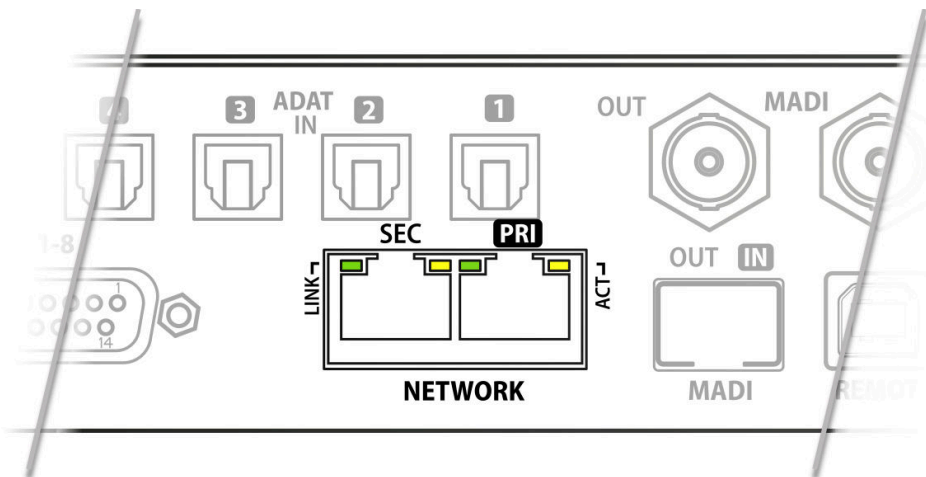
Each port can send up to eight audio channels. At double and quad speed, the maximum of channels per port is reduced to four and two respectively.



Even when no signal is routed, the outputs send a valid ADAT signal. This can be used to synchronize other devices.

### 3.17. Network Connection

On the rear of the M-1620 Pro D, two RJ45 connectors labeled **NET (PRI)** and **NET (SEC)** provide ethernet connectivity. The supported link speeds are **1 Gb/s** and **100 Mb/s**.



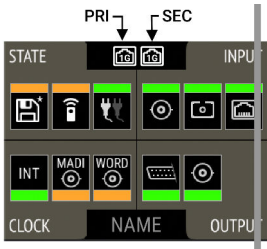




A green LED (left, **LINK**) signals a successful link. A yellow LED (right, **ACT**) signals network traffic (blinking).

Both straight and crossover cables can be used (*Auto MDI-X*). Cable lengths of up to 100m are supported when using Cat 5e or higher classification.

The network ports are used to send and receive:

- up to **64 audio channels** when connected to a Dante® network, and
- remote status/control with **HTTP** over IP routed networks.

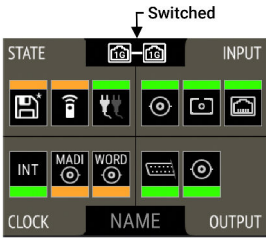
The current link state is also shown on the display of the M-1620 Pro D. Two network port icons in the menu reveal the following states:

	Icon	Description
		No link - cable not connected
		Negotiating link with other endpoint
		Link with speed of 100 MBit/s
		Successful link with speed of 1 GBit/s

3.17.1. Combine ethernet ports (Switched mode)

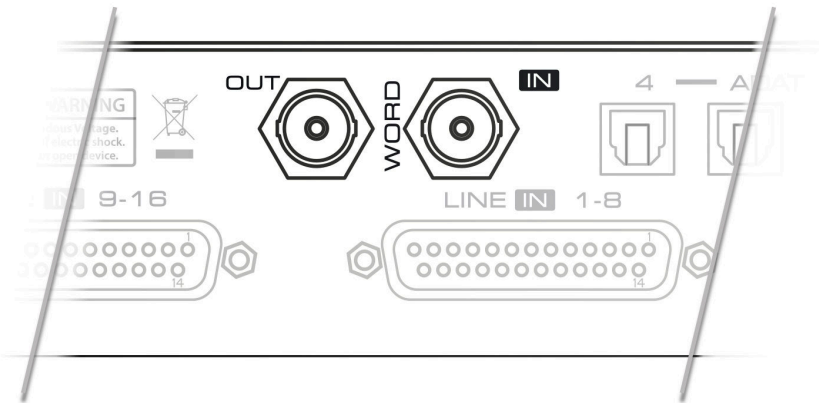
The two ethernet ports can be configured with the **Dante Controller** in *Device View > Network Config > Dante Redundancy*. If both ports are connected to the same network, for example to create a daisy-chain of several M-1620 Pro D devices, then the setting must be changed to **Switched**. In the default mode, the device is configured so that each port connects to one of two separate networks (**Redundancy**).

If the unit has been configured to connect the primary and secondary port internally (switched mode), devices attached to the two ports can communicate both with each other and with the M-1620 Pro D. This is indicated in the menu with a horizontal line ('-') between the network ports.



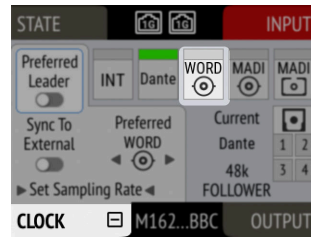
3.18. Word Clock

Word clock can be sent and received via 75  $\Omega$  coaxial cabling at the corresponding BNC connectors. The cable length should not exceed 100 m (330 ft).



The input is terminated with 75  $\Omega$  internally. To pass on the word clock to other devices, use the word clock **output**. Do not connect a T-adaptor to the word clock input.

The state of an incoming word clock signal can be accessed in the **CLOCK** section.

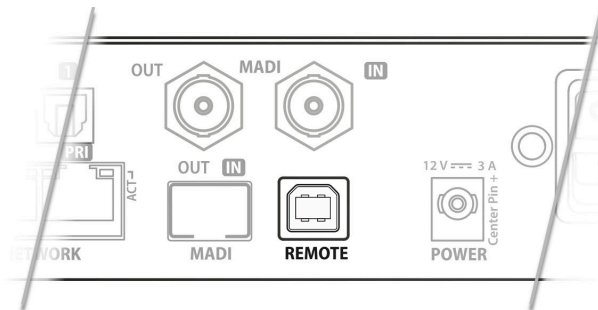


#### Possible States:

- A **green indicator** shows that the signal is currently in sync with the chosen clock master.
- An **orange indicator** means that a word clock is received but is not in sync.
- A **red indicator** means that word clock is chosen as master, but a signal is not present or has a different sample rate than the chosen one.

### 3.19. USB 2.0 Type B Jack

The USB jack at the rear of the M-1620 Pro D provides an alternative connection method for web remote control when a network connection is not available.



When connecting the M-1620 Pro D with a standard ("printer") USB 2.0 cable to a computer with a current Microsoft Windows™ or Apple macOS™ operating system, a virtual USB network adapter will be automatically installed using generic drivers that are included with the operating system. The device can then be remotely controlled by opening the URL <http://172.20.0.1> in a browser.



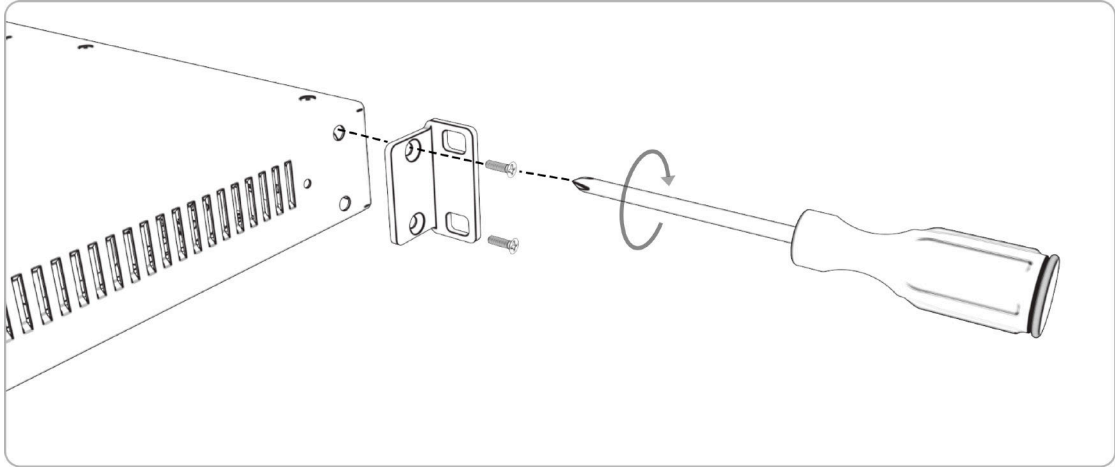
The USB port cannot be used to stream audio signals.



Only **one** of the following products can be connected to the host computer via USB at a time: RME M-32 AD Pro (II, II-D), M-32 DA Pro (II, II-D), 12Mic, 12Mic-D, AVB Tool, M-1610 Pro, M-1620 Pro.

### 3.20. Mounting the Rack Adapter Brackets

When the device should be mounted in a 19" rack, the rack adapter brackets must be mounted first.



Mount each bracket with two screws using a Philips PH-1 screwdriver.



Do not use screws other than the ones included. Using longer screws can damage the device internally!



Never insert the screws without the rack adapter bracket. This could damage the device!

## 4. Accessories

RME offers several optional components for the M-1620 Pro D:

Part Number	Description
<i>External Power Supply</i>	
NT-RME-11	External power supply with locking connector, 12 V DC, 3 A, 40 W
<i>Analog breakout cables</i>	
AI25-8XPro3	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR female, 3 m (9.9 ft)
AI25-8XPro5	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR female, 5 m (16.4 ft)
AI25-8XPro10	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR female, 10 m (33 ft)
A025-8XPro3	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR male, 3 m (9.9 ft)
A025-8XPro5	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR male, 5 m (16.4 ft)
A025-8XPro10	Analog breakout cable 25-pin D-sub to 8 x XLR male, 10 m (33 ft)
<i>19" XLR breakout panels</i>	
DT0X-16 I	16x XLR Input to 2x D-sub
DT0X-16 O	2x D-sub to 16x XLR Output
<i>SFP Modules</i>	
MADI-SFP-MM	MADI optical multi-mode module, 2 km, LC, with SC adapter
MADI-SFP-SM	MADI optical single-mode module, 20 km, LC, with SC adapter
<i>MADI Optical cables</i>	
MADI1S	MADI Optical Cable, Simplex, SC-SC, 1m (3.3 ft)
MADI3D	MADI Optical Cable, Duplex, SC-SC, 3m (9.9 ft)
MADI6D	MADI Optical Cable, Duplex, SC-SC, 6m (19.8 ft)
MADI10D	MADI Optical Cable, Duplex, SC-SC, 10m (32.8 ft)
MADI20D	MADI Optical Cable, Duplex, SC-SC, 20m (65.6 ft)
MADI50D	MADI Optical Cable, Duplex, SC-SC, 50m (164 ft)

Third party accessories available from independent global retailers:

*Optional power cords with locking mechanism*

Manufacturer	Part Number	Description
Schurter	6051.2032	CN CORDSET 10A 2.0M V-LOCK
Schurter	6051.2003	EU CORDSET 10A 2.0M V-LOCK
Schurter	6051.2031	JP CORDSET 10A 2.0M V-LOCK
Schurter	6051.2008	UK CORDSET 10A 2.0M V-LOCK
Schurter	6051.2001	US CORDSET 10A 2.0M V-LOCK

## 5. Dante Connectivity

The M-1620 Pro D features Dante®, an Audio-over-IP solution that allows users to transmit uncompressed audio channels over existing network infrastructure.

### Network Control

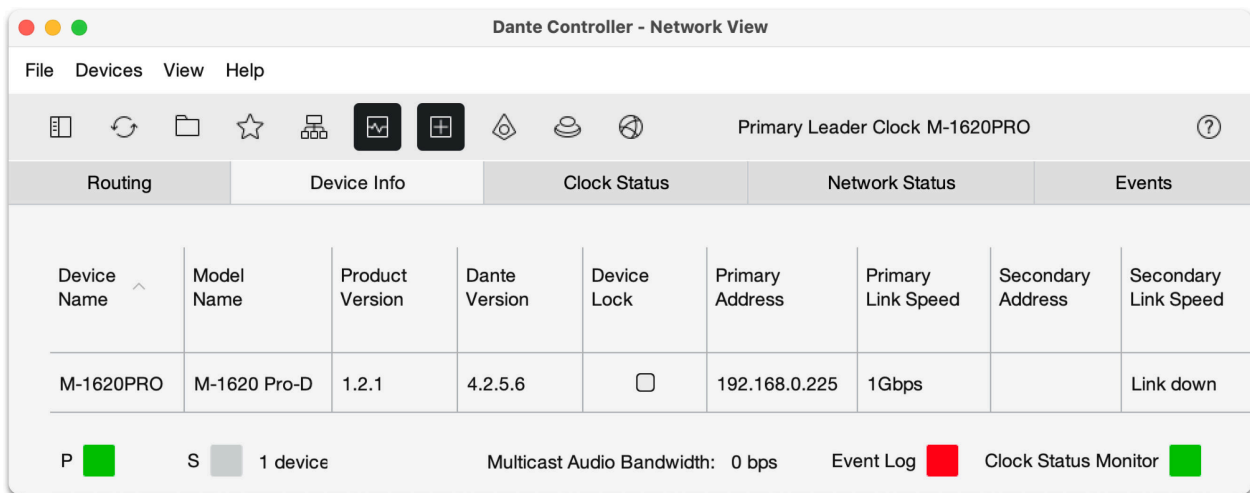
On a Dante® network, connections between devices are managed with a dedicated software: the **Dante® Controller**. It can be downloaded along with extensive documentation and training resources free of charge on the Audinate® website:

<https://my.audinate.com/support/downloads/download-latest-dante-software>



The download requires user registration.

This software must be installed on a computer connected to the same network that the M-1620 Pro D has been connected to. Once connected, the M-1620 Pro D appears as a device in each of the Dante Controller's main tabs **Routing**, **Device Info**, **Clock Status** and **Network Status**:



### Device Control

The number of channels that can be received or transmitted over network is limited to 64 channels (at 48 kHz sampling rate, 1 GigE network connection). It is therefore necessary to create an internal routing from any of the incoming analog or digital signals to the outgoing Dante signals. This routing can be configured on the device itself or with a browser-based remote control.

### Clocking on a Dante network

Dante usually handles the synchronization of connected devices automatically.

When more than one device is connected to the same network, one device becomes the "leader", and other devices become "followers". It is possible to prioritize a device so that it would become the leader, but this only works reliably as long as it is the only prioritized device on the network. The configuration of a preferred leader, for example a device that is powered on first or powered on permanently, should therefore be made and inspected with the Dante controller.

When the M-1620 Pro D is leader, it can either use its internal clock oscillator as a reference, or one of the incoming MADI or word clock signals.

## 5.1. Identifying a Device Remotely

When several M-1620 Pro Ds are connected to the same network, each device has its own remote control. To quickly reveal which device is currently being controlled, the web remote can send an **Identify** command to the unit. This triggers an animation of the front panel level meters of the corresponding device.

To use device identification with the web remote:

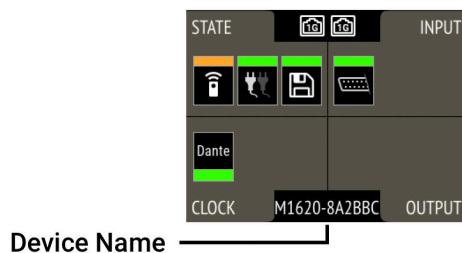
1. Open the M-1620 Pro D web remote in a browser (see [Section 8.5.1, "Finding the Device on a Network"](#))
2. Press the **identify** ⓘ icon. The icon will start rotating and the front panel level meters of the controlled device will show an animation.
3. Press the same icon again to stop the animation.

## 5.2. Changing the Device Name

In a Dante® network, the **Device Name** is used to identify each device and to identify its individual audio channels. It must be unique on a network, otherwise a receiver cannot distinguish which device is transmitting the audio channels requested. For this reason, each M-1620 Pro D unit is given unique names from the factory, similar to "M1620-012ABC". The **Device Name** can only be changed by the Dante Controller.

To check the current device name:

1. Open the **System Information** screen in the **State** section (see: [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#)).

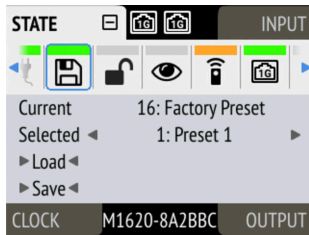


The **Device Name** is also part of the URL for the web remote.

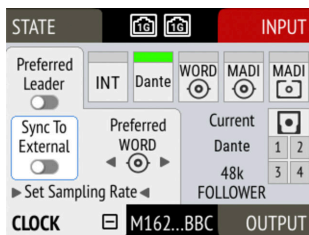
## 6. Quick Start (Dante)

*Follow this procedure to get running quickly!*

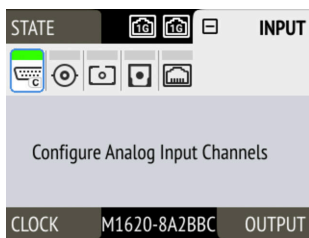
1. Load **Preset 16** (Factory settings) from the **STATE** section



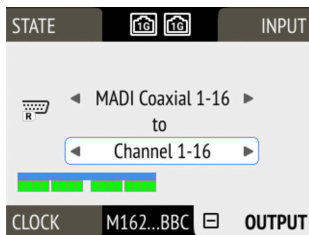
2. In the **CLOCK** section, choose a sample rate and verify that Dante is chosen as the current clock source.



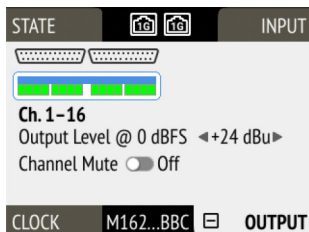
3. After connecting an analog signal, adjust its reference level as needed in the **INPUT** section



4. Open the tab of the Dante output in the **OUTPUT** section and choose "Analog 1-32" as source.

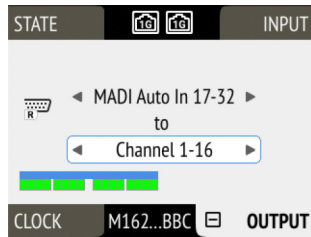


5. Set the preferred reference level in the analog configuration tab of the **OUTPUT** section, Configuration tab:



6. Choose Dante as the digital input source for the analog outputs in the **OUTPUT** section, Routing tab:





☑ done! The Dante Controller can now be used to connect signals from other Dante devices to the M-1620 Pro D. These are then routed to the analog outputs. The Dante Controller can now be used to connect signals from the analog inputs of the M-1620 Pro D to other Dante devices.

## 7. Warranty and Support

### 7.1. Warranty

Each individual M-1620 Pro D undergoes comprehensive quality control and a complete test before shipping. The usage of high grade components should guarantee a long and trouble-free operation of the unit.

If you suspect that your product is faulty, please contact your local retailer. Do not disassemble the device by yourself as it may get damaged. It has been sealed with tamper-evident material, and your warranty is void if those seals have been damaged.

The distributor grants a limited manufacturer warranty of 6 months from the day of invoice showing the date of sale. The length of the warranty period is different depending where the product was purchased. Please contact your local distributor for extended warranty information and service. Note that each country may have regional specific warranty implications.

In any case warranty does not cover damage caused by improper installation or handling - replacement or repair in such cases can only be carried out at the owner's expense.

No warranty service is provided when the product is not returned to the local distributor in the region where the product had been originally shipped.

The distributor does not accept claims for damages of any kind, especially consequential damage. Liability is limited to the value of the M-1620 Pro D. The general terms of business drawn up by the distributor apply at all times.

### 7.2. Support

Please ensure that you are using the latest firmware before contacting support.

In many cases, the user forum at <https://forum.rme-audio.de> provides help with a simple search for relevant keywords.

If the problem cannot be solved by any of the aforementioned methods, please have your serial number at hand and contact your local dealer or distributor. A complete list of distributors can be found on the RME website.

### 7.3. Support Contacts

The following global service centers can provide support assistance:

<b>Europe</b>	Germany	Audio AG <a href="mailto:support@rme-audio.com">support@rme-audio.com</a>
	U.K.	Synthax Audio U.K. <a href="mailto:info@synthax.co.uk">info@synthax.co.uk</a>
<b>Asia/Australia</b>	Hong Kong	RME Trading Ltd. <a href="mailto:support@rme-trading.hk">support@rme-trading.hk</a>
<b>Americas</b>	U.S.A.	Synthax Inc. <a href="mailto:support@synthax.com">support@synthax.com</a>
<b>Global</b>		<a href="mailto:support@rme-audio.com">support@rme-audio.com</a>

## 8. STATE Section

The **STATE** section contains states and settings that are unrelated to audio I/O and clock. It can be used to configure power supply warnings, presets, dark mode, level meters, and remote control.

A **warning** (red) is shown when PSU redundancy is activated but only one power supply is active. A **notification** (orange) is shown when a preset is modified, no IP address was assigned to the web remote or any dark mode is active.

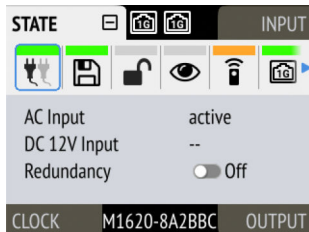
### 8.1. Power State



The power tab in the **STATE** section informs the user which of the two power inlets receive power. Its icon is a realtime representation of the current power state, with an inactive power supply shown in grey. The AC input corresponds to the left icon, the DC input to the right icon.

#### Representation of the state of power supplies on the device

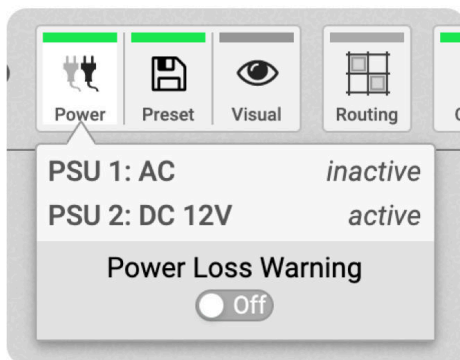
1. Open the **power** tab in the **STATE** section



2. The state of each power input is shown as *active* if it receives power.

#### Representation of the state of power supplies on the web remote

1. Connect the device by USB or network cable and open the [Section 8.5.1, “Finding the Device on a Network”](#).



2. A click on the Power icon reveals the current state of the power supplies.

#### 8.1.1. Notification of Single Power Failure

A warning can be displayed when one of two connected power sources fails.

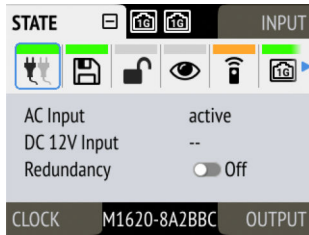
On the display, a warning is signaled as an icon with a red bar:



## Power loss at secondary PSU

To activate the warning on the device:

1. Open the **power** tab in the **STATE** section.



2. Toggle the switch **Redundancy** to **On**.

To activate the warning on the web remote:

1. In the **STATE** section, activate the toggle next to **Power Loss Warning**.



The warning signals only the current state. It does not keep a record of past power failures.

## 8.2. Presets

Any change in the device configuration is persistent. After a power loss, the device will revert back to its last state. Additionally, the M-1620 Pro D can save fifteen states in presets numbered 1-15. After a preset is loaded, any change in the configuration will result in an *unsaved changes* state.



Representation of an unsaved preset on the device.



The internal preset storage is not affected when the device firmware is updated to a newer firmware version. Moreover, recalling the factory default preset does not delete any other saved preset.

### Settings that are not saved in a Preset

The following settings are **not saved** in a preset:

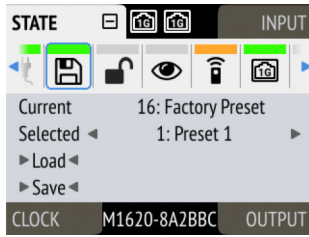
- Auto-lock
- Lock code
- Remote control
- Static IP/DHCP configuration
- MIDI Remote Control ID
- Device name

### 8.2.1. Saving Presets

Up to 15 presets can be saved in the internal storage of the M-1620 Pro D.

To save a preset on the device:

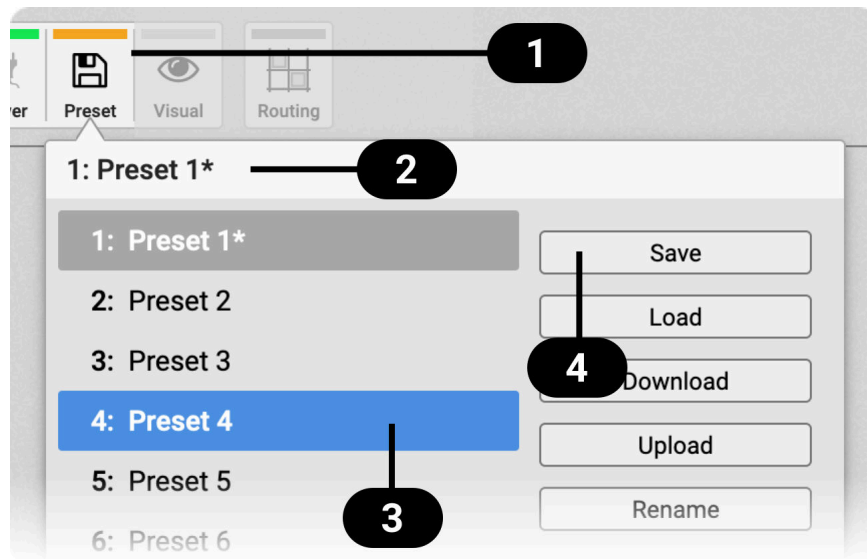
1. Open the **preset** tab in the **STATE** section. The cursor will highlight a preset number.



2. Push and rotate the encoder to choose a preset number.
3. Push **Save** to save the preset.

To save a preset using the web remote:

1. Open the web remote and locate the **preset** tab.



- 1 Status Indicator and tab
- 2 Current preset and state
- 3 Selected preset
- 4 Save preset

2. Click on a preset name in the left column (3) to select a preset.
3. Press the **Save** button (4).

### 8.2.2. Loading Presets

Up to 15 custom presets can be loaded from the internal storage of the M-1620 Pro D.



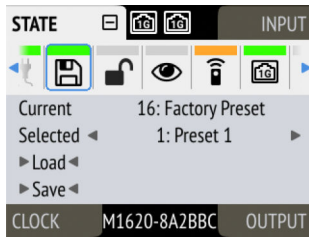
Loading a preset cannot be undone. Ensure that any important configuration has been saved to another preset before proceeding.



The device name is part of the preset. When a preset is loaded, the device name is changed to the value stored in the preset.

To load a preset on the device:

1. Open the **preset** tab in the **STATE** section (see: [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#)).



2. Move the cursor to the current preset number and push the encoder.
3. Rotate the encoder to choose a preset, and confirm by pushing the encoder.
4. Select **Load** to load the preset.

To load a preset using the web remote:

1. Locate the **preset** tab
2. Use the drop-down menu **3** to select a preset.
3. Press the **Load** Button **4**.

### 8.2.3. Loading Factory Default Settings

The factory default settings are saved internally as **Factory Preset** and cannot be overwritten.

To load the factory defaults, **load** the 16th preset labelled **Factory Preset**.



Loading the factory defaults does not delete any saved presets. It also does not affect the **lock** settings in the **STATE** section.

## 8.3. Device Lock

The M-1620 Pro D can be secured against both accidental and intentional changes to its configuration. **Locking** the device, with or without code, protects against changes on the device itself. When locked, the display shows a lock symbol.

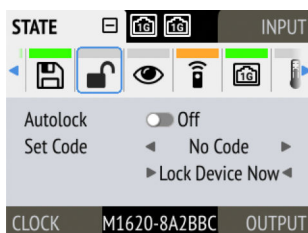


The device lock does not protect against changes via remote control. The lock configuration is not stored within a **preset**.



A four to six digit code can be configured on the device. If this code is lost or forgotten, it is not possible for the user to unlock the device. Contact [your support](#) for assistance.

### 8.3.1. Locking the Device



In order to lock the device, proceed with the following steps:

1. Open the **lock** tab in the **STATE** section (see [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#)).

2. (optional) **Set Code**: enter a four to six digit code with the encoder.
3. (optional) Activate the **Auto Lock** toggle to lock after one minute.
4. (optional) Select **Lock Device Now** to lock immediately.



Remember or write down the code shown in **SET CODE**. It is not possible to unlock the device without this code. A unique secondary code (PUK) can be obtained from RME Support upon request with a proof of purchase and device serial number.

**To delete the code**, move the cursor on the code and push the encoder. "No code" will be displayed.

The device can only be locked and unlocked at the front panel. These controls are not accessible remotely.


### 8.3.2. Unlocking the Device

*To unlock the device temporarily:*

1. Push and hold the encoder button for four seconds.
2. (if a code was set) Enter the code using the encoder and choose "Done".

The device will lock again after a timeout of one minute.

*To unlock the device permanently:*

1. Proceed as above, then
2. Open the **lock** tab in the **STATE** section
3. Deactivate the lock by toggling the switch to:  **OFF**
4. (optional) Move the encoder onto the lock code (if any), and push the encoder to delete it.

The device can only be locked and unlocked at the front panel. These controls are not accessible remotely.

## 8.4. Front Panel Illumination

The M-1620 Pro D features a unique concept for its front panel illumination, which consists of:

- A ring illumination around the **standby switch** that shows the overall state of the device,
- 36 LED level meters for analog input and output channels, and
- a display with standby screen that shows categorized warnings.

All elements have been designed to give the user thorough status feedback even from a distance. The LED level meters can be configured to hold maximum levels for 5 s or infinitely. Each of the three sections can be individually switched off (**dark mode**). The M-1620 Pro D features a unique concept for its front panel illumination, which consists of:

- A ring illumination around the **standby switch** that shows the overall state of the device,
- 32 6-segment level meters, and
- a display with standby screen that shows categorized warnings.

All elements have been designed to give the user thorough status feedback even from a distance. Each of the three sections can be individually switched off (**dark mode**).

#### *Level meter strips*

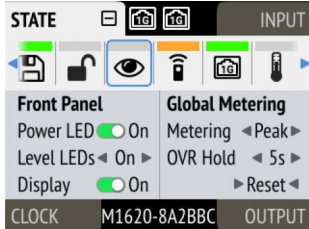
The six-segment level meter strips provide a convenient indication of the current signal level. The



LEDs vary in brightness to represent different levels, making intermediate values easy to read. The brightest LED corresponds to the value indicated beside it. This technology enables the M-1620 Pro D to display a range from –70 dBFS up to clipping using only six LEDs.

### 8.4.1. Dark Mode

Each of the three front panel illumination sections can be switched off if they are not required.



To turn off illumination on the device:

1. Open the **visual feedback** tab in the **STATE** section.
2. Change any of the following:
  - a. **Power** to **Off** to turn off the standby switch ring illumination.
  - b. **Level LEDs** to **Off** or **Dim** to turn off or dim level meter LEDs.
  - c. **Display** to **Off** to turn off the display.



When any item is turned off, a notification (orange) is shown in the **STATE** section.

To turn panel illumination back on:

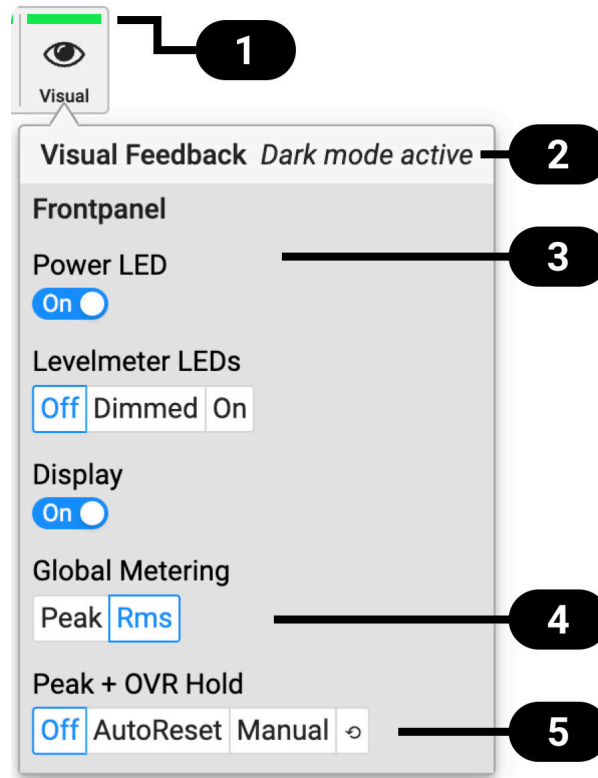
1. Open the same menu and set the corresponding switches to to **On**.



To turn the front panel lighting on temporarily, just rotate or push the encoder. The panel will turn back off after five seconds.

To turn off illumination on the web remote:

1. Connect to the device remotely (see: [Section 8.5.1, "Finding the Device on a Network"](#)).



- 1 Status Indicator
- 2 State of Visual Feedback
- 3 Front Panel Dark Mode
- 4 Global Metering Options
- 5 Peak/Over Hold Reset

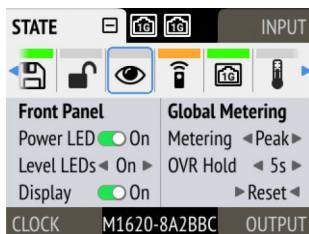
2. Use the corresponding toggle switches on the web remote to switch off device lighting.

#### 8.4.2. Changing the Meters to Peak or RMS Mode

Depending on the application, instantaneous **peak level metering** or a slower, averaged **RMS metering** may be preferred.

*To change the metering mode on the device:*

1. Open the **visual feedback** tab in the **STATE** section.



2. Push the encoder on the current "Metering:" value to activate selection.
3. Change the value to "Peak" or "RMS".

*To change the metering mode on the web remote:*

1. Connect to the device remotely (see: [Section 8.5.1, "Finding the Device on a Network"](#)).

2. Locate the **visual feedback** tab in the **STATE** section.
3. Push the **Peak** or **RMS** button in the **global metering** settings.



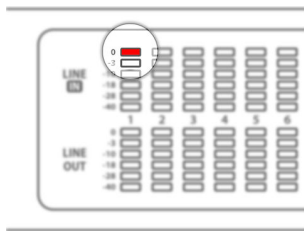
This is a global setting which affects both the front panel level meters and the remote control interface.

### 8.4.3. Persistent Clipping Notifications and Peak Hold

The maximum level of signals can be saved and shown on the front panel and web remote. Clipping is detected when three consecutive samples reach digital full scale (0 dBFS). The duration of how long the maximum level or clipping is shown can be manually changed to either five seconds or until they are manually reset.



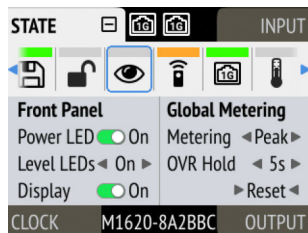
This is a global setting which affects both the remote control and the device.



On the device, an over notification is signaled as a fast flashing (red) of the 0 dB LED.

To switch over notifications on or off:

1. Open the **visual feedback** tab in the **STATE** section



2. Change **OVR Hold** to either:
  - **5s** to notify for five seconds
  - **On** to notify until manually reset
  - **Off** to deactivate over notifications.

To reset infinite full scale notifications:

1. Open the **visual feedback** tab in the **STATE** section.
2. Activate **Reset**.

The remote shows an over notification above the level meter, both in miniature port level meters and the larger level meters when a port is open.

To switch persistent over notifications on or off:

1. Locate the [Visual Settings Tab](#).
2. Change **Peak + OVR Hold** to either
  - **5s** to notify for five seconds
  - **On** to notify until manually reset
  - **Off** to deactivate over notifications

To reset over notifications:

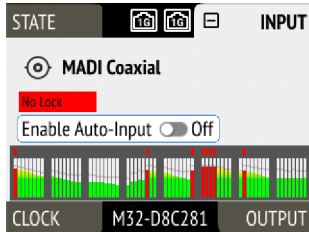
1. Within the [Visual Settings Tab](#), use the reset button: .

#### 8.4.4. Metering of Digital Signals

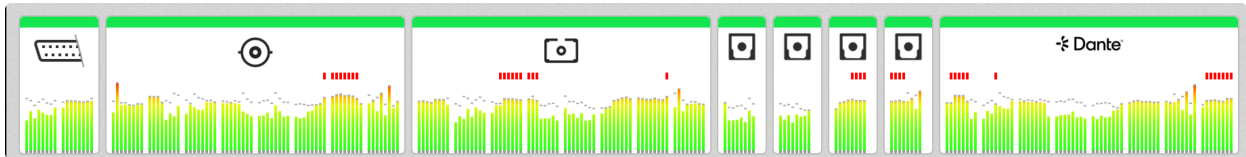
The incoming and outgoing digital signals can be visually inspected to ensure that signals are properly received and routed. All level meters adhere to IEC 60268-18 scaling and feature RMS levels with a separate peak indicator. Peak and over hold times can be configured in [Section 8.4.3, "Persistent Clipping Notifications and Peak Hold"](#).

To show the digital level meters on the device display:

1. Open the input section (see: [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#)).



On the web remote, each input and output port has integrated level meters.



When opening the ports, larger levelmeters are shown with precise levels for Peak and RMS values.

### 8.5. Remote Control Overview

The M-1620 Pro D can be remote controlled. Remote control is activated by default and is not affected by preset changes or device lock.



The remote control protocols are not protected against malicious use. When activated, the remote control server allows anyone on the network to make changes to the configuration of the device. To limit access, secure the network that the device is connected to.

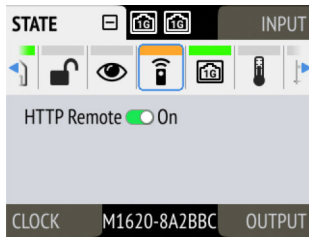
#### 8.5.1. Finding the Device on a Network

The M-1620 Pro D has three integrated network adapters (USB 2.0 and dual ethernet).

The adapters can be used, individually or simultaneously, to control the device with HTTP ("web remote"). The web remote control works on any IP-based network, including wireless networks.

To enable web remote functionality over HTTP:

1. Open the **remote** tab in the **STATE** section.



2. Ensure that the **HTTP Remote** setting is switched to **ON**.

## USB

When the device is connected with a USB 2.0 cable to a Apple macOS™ or Microsoft Windows™ computer, a network device is automatically installed in the background that assigns the M-1620 Pro D the following IP address:

<http://172.20.0.1>



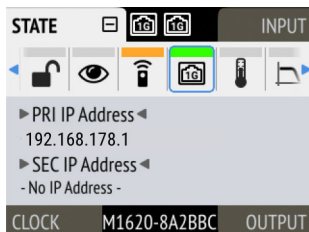
Only **one** of the following products can be connected to the host computer via USB at a time: RME M-32 AD Pro (II, II-D), M-32 DA Pro (II, II-D), 12Mic, 12Mic-D, AVB Tool, M-1610 Pro, M-1620 Pro (D).

## Ethernet

After connecting the primary or secondary port of the M-1620 Pro D to a network, an IP address will be automatically assigned by a DHCP server that is present on that network. If there is no DHCP server on the network, the device assigns itself a *link local* address (in the 169.254.0.0/16 subnet) that can be used to connect to the device.

*To find out the current IP address:*

1. Open the **network** tab in the **STATE** section.



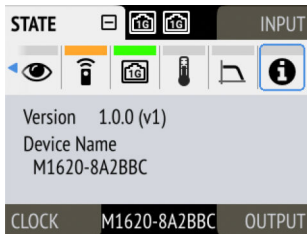
2. The current IP addresses of both networks are displayed.
3. Enter the IP address of the corresponding network in the address bar of the browser.

## Connecting to the Remote Interface without IP address

Instead of using the IP address, the **device name** can be entered in the browser window, followed by **.local/**.

The current device name is shown on the standby screen between the 'Clock' and 'Output' sections. It may be abbreviated if it does not fit in the corresponding space.

It is also mentioned in the 'Info' tab of the State section:



By default, the device name is unique and can be seen in the Dante® Controller. A resulting URL will look similar to:

<http://M1620-012ABC.local/>



The device name can be changed with the Dante Controller. It is limited to 32 characters and must not begin or end with a hyphen ("-").



on some operating systems or browsers, a trailing dot "." may be required after the 'local' domain: <http://M1620-012ABC.local/>

### 8.5.2. Assigning a Static IP Address

A static IP address can be assigned for each network port. Other devices with IP addresses in the same subnet can then reach the M-1620 Pro D using a fixed IP address.



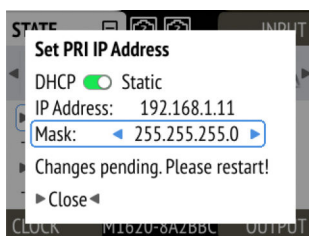
The static IP address configuration is persistent and does not get deleted when a preset (or factory preset) is loaded.

To manually assign an IP address:

1. Open the **Network** tab in the **STATE** section of the main menu.



2. Select either **PRI IP Address** for primary or **SEC IP Address** for secondary network.
3. A window is shown to enter IP address and subnet mask. The IP Address can be configured when the toggle ☒ is set to **Static**.



4. Restart the device for the changes to become active.



IP address configuration can also be performed using the Dante Controller.

### 8.5.3. Web Remote

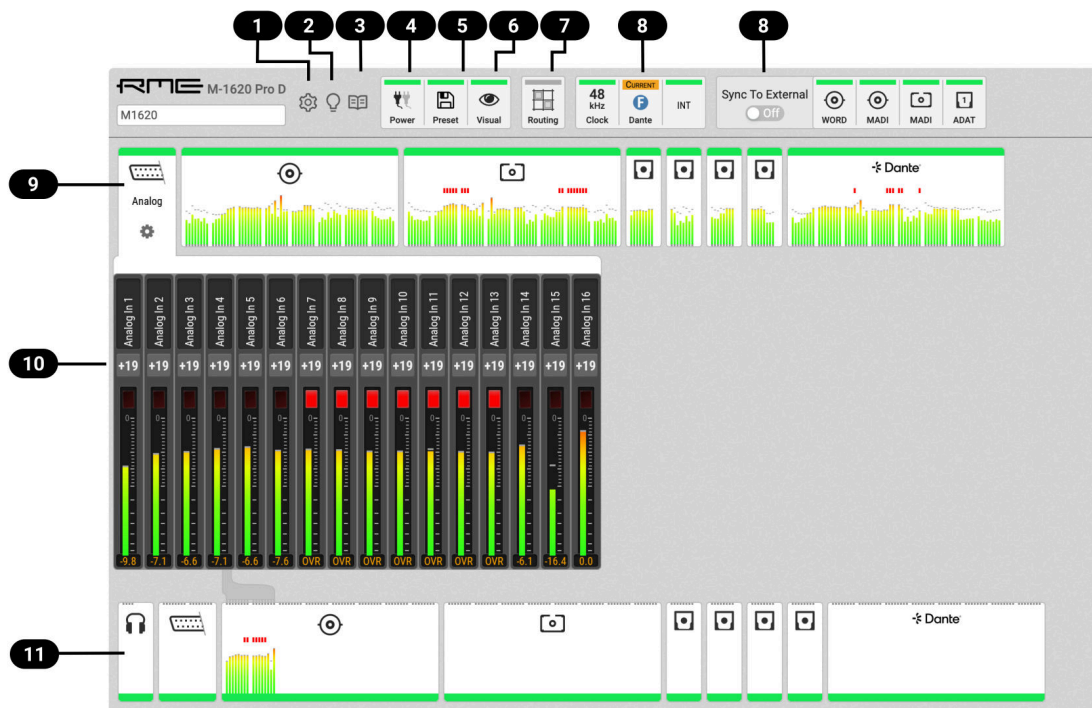
An integrated web server provides an easy-to-use remote control interface for the M-1620 Pro D. It requires a network connection from a desktop or tablet computer with a current browser version.

Compatible browsers:

- Chrome 127
- Firefox 127
- Edge 127
- Safari 17.0

or newer with support for WebGL.

#### Web Remote Overview



- 1 Section 2.2, "Firmware Update"
- 2 Section 5.1, "Identifying a Device Remotely"
- 3 Link to web manual
- 4 Section 8.1, "Power State"
- 5 Section 8.2, "Presets"
- 6 Section 8.4, "Front Panel Illumination"
- 7 Section 10.1, "Routing Signals to the Outputs"
- 8 Section 11, "CLOCK Section"
- 9 Section 9, "INPUT Section"
- 10 Section 9.1, "Analog Inputs"
- 11 Section 10, "OUTPUT Section"

### 8.5.4. JSON(OSC) Remote Control

This topic describes a method for remote control modeled loosely after the Sennheiser® Sound Control protocol. Detailed background information on the underlying technology can be found on the Sennheiser® website.

The M-1620 Pro D can be remote controlled with HTTP POST requests. Each request carries a data payload that contains a JSON object modeled after the open sound control (OSC) protocol.

For example, if the device is connected to a computer that can run *cURL* in a terminal application (Microsoft Windows™ PowerShell or Apple macOS™ Terminal), the following command will request the entire device schema as a JSON object:

*Request:*

```
curl --header "Content-Type: application/json" --request POST --data
'{"osc":{"schema":null}}' M1620-012ABC.local/api/v2/self
```

*Response:*

```
{
  "osc": {
    "schema": {
      "osc": {
        "version": null,
        "schema": []
      },
      "device": {
        "entity_id": null,
        "entity_model_id": null,
        "entity_capabilities": null,
        "entity_name": null,
        "vendor_name": null, ①
        "model_name": null,
        "firmware_version": null,
        "group_name": null,
        [... continues]
```

① "vendor\_name" Object

This schema can then be used to identify the possible parameters, for example the vendor name. Sending an empty value **null** triggers a response with the current value of the requested object.



The first two levels of the schema ({"osc": {"schema": {...}}}) must be omitted. Only the encapsulated objects (**device**, **input**, **output**, **routing** etc.) are used.

To request the "vendor\_name" object of the connected device, we run the following command. It is here outlined in more detail.



Request of vendor name:

```
curl \ ①
  --header "Content-Type: application/json" \ ②
  --request POST \ ③
  --data '{"device": {"vendor_name": null }}' \ ④
  M1620-012ABC.local/api/v2/self ⑤
```

- ① cURL command to send an HTTP POST request
- ② header: application/json
- ③ request type "POST"
- ④ JSON object sent to the device, 'null' to get current value
- ⑤ URL or IP of the device on the network with path to API

Executing this command delivers the expected result:

```
{"device":{"vendor_name":"RME Audio"}}
```



The entire web remote application is based on this protocol. It is therefore possible to read the data payloads sent to the device when interacting with the web remote by using the "Network"-tab of the developer tools inside the browser.

All device values must be polled by sending the corresponding JSON objects. It is possible to poll or set several values at once in a single object:

*Set reference level to +13 dBu for analog inputs 1-4*

```
--data
'{"input":{"analog":{"1":{"reference_level":13},"2":{"reference_level":13},"3":{"reference_level":13},"4":{"reference_level":13}}}}'
```

### 8.5.5. JSON(OSC) Implementation Chart

The implementation chart is currently not included in this PDF. Please see the chart in the online version of this manual.

<https://docs.rme-audio.com>

## 8.6. Monitor Fan Speed and Temperature

The M-1620 Pro D has three temperature sensors to monitor its temperature and to adjust fan speed in relation to those temperatures.

*There are three fan speed profiles:*

- Off
- Cool
- Normal

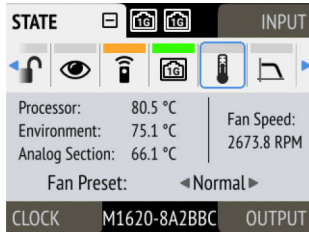
It is recommended to first improve overall ambient temperature and airflow around the unit, especially at its bottom and sides, to minimize fan noise. When using the M-1620 Pro D in a hot

environment, the **Cool** fan profile can be used to improve air flow. In silent environments, the **Off** profile can be used to only start the fans when the device is overheating.

### 8.6.1. Adjust Fan Profile

To change the current fan profile on the device:

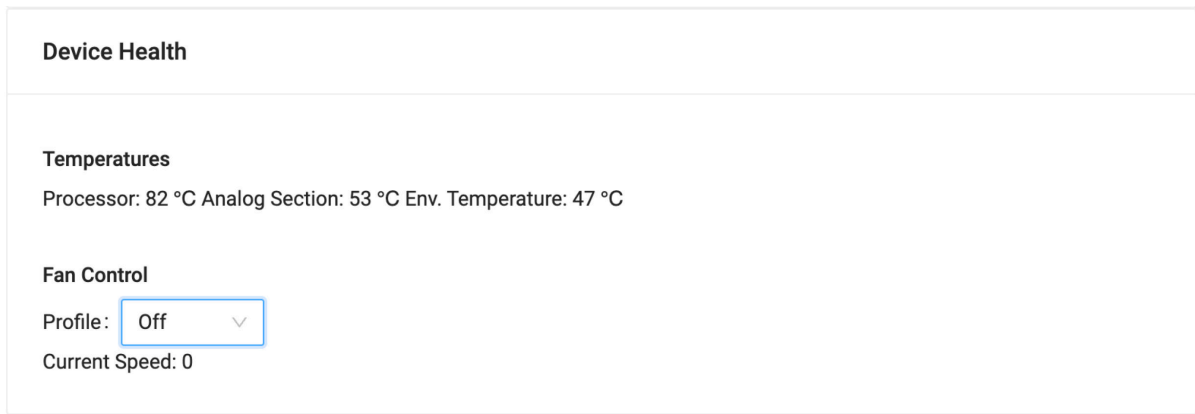
1. Open the **STATE** section (see: [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#))
2. Use the encoder to open the Temperature/Fan tab:



3. Select the preferred fan profile.

To change the current fan profile on the web remote:

1. Open the **⚙️** menu (see: [Section 8.5.1, "Finding the Device on a Network"](#))
2. Navigate to 'Device Health'



3. Select the preferred fan profile.

## 8.7. Anti-Aliasing Filter

Anti-aliasing filters are low-pass filters that attenuate frequencies near the Nyquist frequency (half the sampling rate) to prevent aliasing artifacts during digital conversion. A steeper ("sharp") filter maintains a linear frequency response up to the cutoff frequency but introduces increased ringing artifacts in the impulse response due to its abrupt transition. In contrast, a "slow" filter with a gentler slope may cause slight attenuation of high frequencies (treble), which can be audible at standard sampling rates, but provides a near-perfect impulse response with minimal ringing.

By default, the M-1620 Pro D employs a sharp filter with short delay at standard sampling rates (44.1 kHz and 48 kHz) and a slow filter with short delay at higher sampling rates (88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, and above). However, the filter settings can be adjusted globally for both inputs and outputs. This flexibility is beneficial when maintaining a linear frequency response in the ultrasonic range is important for the given application (ie. measurements).

There are four aliasing filters:

- Slow
- Sharp
- Short-Delay Slow (default for  $SR \leq 48$  kHz)
- Short-Delay Sharp (default for  $SR \geq 88.2$  kHz)

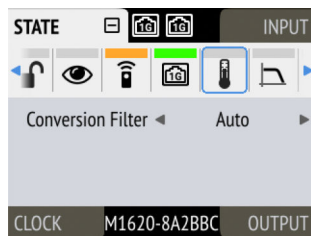
The Short-Delay options are IIR filters that reduce the overall delay of the conversion to a few samples, while the other two filters are FIR filters offer phase-linearity across the entire frequency range.

### 8.7.1. Changing the Aliasing Filter

The aliasing filter is stored within the current **preset** and is recalled when loading a preset. By default, it is set to **Auto**, which sets an anti-aliasing filter with sharp roll-off for single speed and with slow roll-off for double and quad speed.

*To change the aliasing filter on the device:*

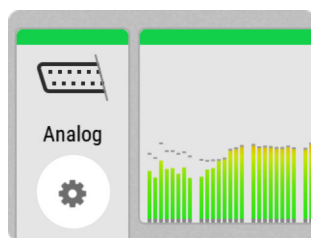
1. Open the **STATE** section (see: [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#))
2. Use the encoder to open the *filter* tab:




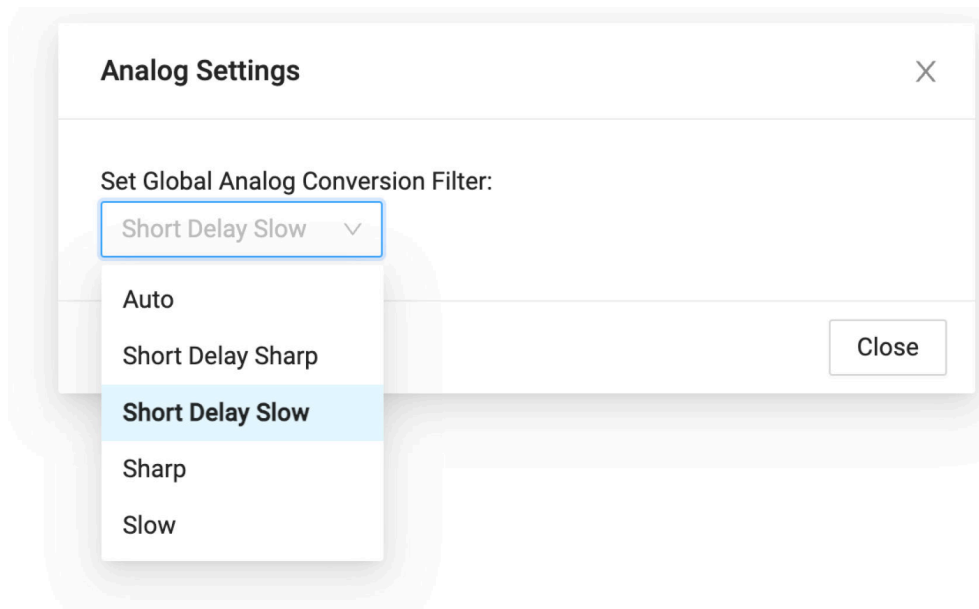
3. Select the preferred aliasing filter.

*To change the current aliasing filter on the web remote:*

1. Click an analog channel group to reveal its channels



2. Click the  icon that appears within the corresponding analog channel group. A modal dialog appears to change the aliasing filter.



3. Select the preferred aliasing filter.



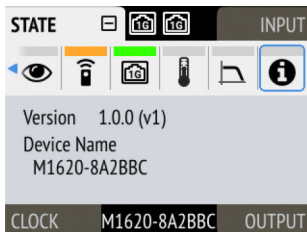
The aliasing filter affects both input and output conversion filters. It is not possible to control them separately.



Changing the filter might cause a brief noise on the analog channels.

## 8.8. Device Information

The **information** tab is located in the **STATE** section.



It shows the current firmware version and gPTP grandmaster IDs.

The information tab is only available on the device itself.

## 9. INPUT Section

The input section is used to inspect and configure the audio inputs of the device. A warning is displayed when a digital input is not present but selected as clock master, or routed to an output and is either not present or not in sync to the clock master. Related input settings, such as MADI auto input, can be configured here.

### 9.1. Analog Inputs

The line level inputs of the M-1620 Pro D accept levels of up to +24 dBu. Each individual channel has its own line level setting of +13/+19/+24 dBu which can also be adjusted remotely. Additionally, the AD converters can be globally set to standby (mute).

At single speed sample rates, the converters are configured with short delay 'sharp' IIR filters with extremely low latencies (5 samples) and flat frequency response over the entire audible range. At higher sample rates, a short delay 'slow' filter is used to additionally optimize the impulse response. The latency increases to six samples at quad speed (176.4 kHz, 192 kHz).

In its default state, no routing exists between the analog inputs and the digital outputs. The analog signals can be routed to two MADI ports and 64 Dante channels at the same time.

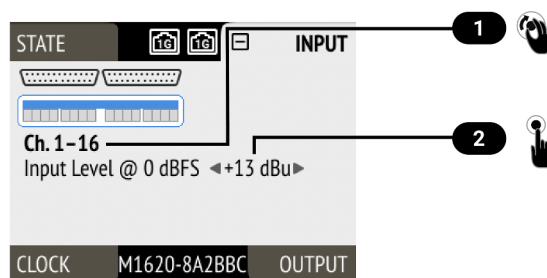
#### 9.1.1. Adjusting the Input Line Level

To adjust the input line level on the device:

1. Open the **Analog Input** tab in the **INPUT** section



2. Initially, the cursor will highlight all input channels. To accept this, rotate the encoder to move the cursor to the current reference level
3. Alternatively, pressing the encoder on the channel strip allows the selection of an individual channel



- 1 Cursor (current channel)
- 2 Input Reference Level

4. Push the encoder on the current line level, then Rotate the encoder to change the setting and confirm by pushing the encoder again.

To adjust the input line level on the web remote:

1. Select one or more analog input channels by clicking the corresponding channel strips. The channel strips turn blue.

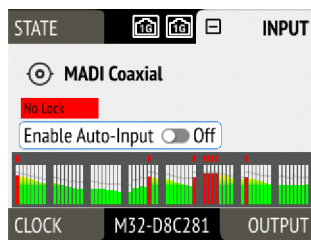
2. (*alternative*) Click and drag left or right to select consecutive channels.
3. Press one of the buttons for **+13 dBu**, **+19 dBu** or **+24 dBu** below the selection. The selected value is shown within the level meter.

## 9.2. MADI Inputs

The M-1620 Pro D accepts up to two MADI signals, one electrical (BNC input) and one optical via optional SFP module (LC input).

To connect a MADI signal:

1. Ensure that you have set the correct sample rate and clock source in the **CLOCK** section.
2. Connect the cable to the corresponding input.
3. Open a **MADI** tab in the input section to see the current LOCK state, SYNC state, and input signal levels.



### 9.2.1. MADI at High Sample Rates

The MADI standard (AES10) allows transport of audio at sample rates beyond 48 kHz by reducing the number of available channels.

#### Double speed (88.2 kHz, 96 kHz)

Double speed audio signals can be transmitted and received in two different ways. Manufacturers can implement one or both modes, usually referred to as "96k frame" and "S/MUX 2" or "legacy" mode. It is important to use the same mode on both sender and receiver side because S/MUX 2 and legacy mode are not compatible. Both modes transport the audio signal transparently.

#### 96k frame

The so-called "96k frame pattern" (AES10) can be detected at the receiver side automatically. In this mode, the frame numbers and corresponding user bits equal the number of channels submitted. The "56 Ch." setting corresponds to 28 audio channels at 88.2 kHz and 96 kHz sample rates. The "64 Ch." setting corresponds to 32 audio channels at 88.2 kHz and 96 kHz sample rates.

#### S/MUX 2

Sample multiplexing (or S/MUX 2) describes a method to distribute two consecutive samples onto neighboring channels. The MADI signal remains exactly the same as in single speed with 56 or 64 channels including its user-bits. The receiver decodes the audio signal by passing the samples of channel 1+2 as two consecutive samples for channel 1, samples of channel 3+4 as two consecutive samples for channel 2, and so forth. The amount of channels corresponds to the same as the 96k frame. This format cannot be automatically detected at the receiver side.

## Quad Speed (176.4 kHz, 196 kHz)

Quad speed MADI does not have a standardized frame format. Therefore S/MUX 4 is used. The encoding works the same way as S/MUX 2, except that four consecutive channels are used to transport one audio channel. This reduces the available number of channels to 14 ("56 Ch." setting) or 16 ("64 Ch." setting).



When using MADI, the sample rate of the incoming MADI signal and the expected frame format of the outgoing MADI signal must be set in the device.

### 9.2.2. Connecting Two Identical MADI Signals for Redundancy

The coaxial MADI input can be configured to automatically switch to an existing MADI optical signal in case the coaxial signal fails. While existing routing and clock settings from the coaxial MADI input are kept, the port's name is changed to **MADI Auto Input** and its icon changes to reflect the feature. The failover is seamless if the active input loses lock abruptly (e.g. one of the cables is unplugged).



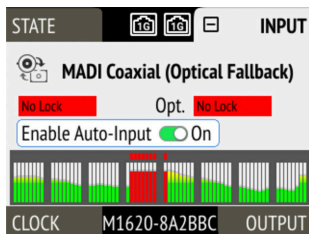
The user is notified of the lost signal with a warning and redundancy can be re-established.



For a seamless failover, the two MADI signals must be identical. However, only the SYNC and LOCK states are evaluated to confirm the current input state. It is therefore possible to send two different signals to the M-1620 Pro D as long as they are in sync.


To create MADI redundancy:

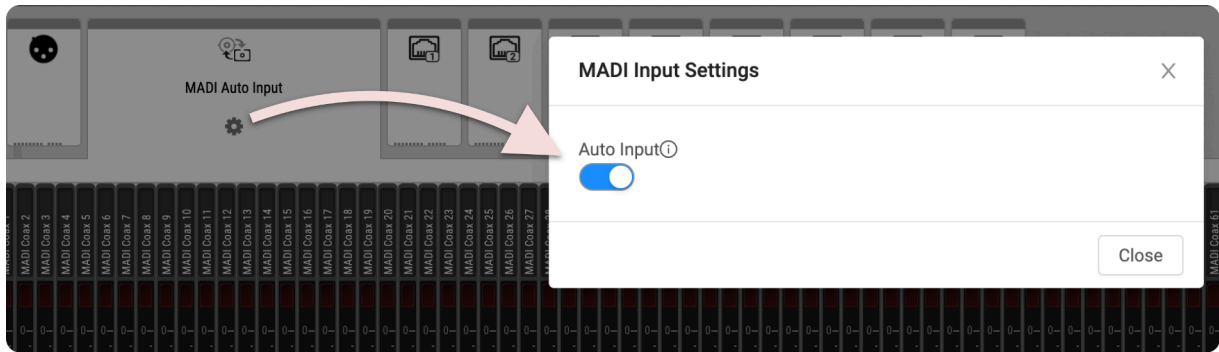
1. Switch on "enable MADI redundancy" in the **coaxial** tab of the **INPUT** section. The port will be renamed to MADI Auto Input.



2. Create a routing from MADI Auto Input to any output.
3. If the device should also slave to MADI Auto Input, choose it as clock master in the **CLOCK** section.
4. Connect both MADI signals with identical audio.

To create MADI redundancy using the web remote:

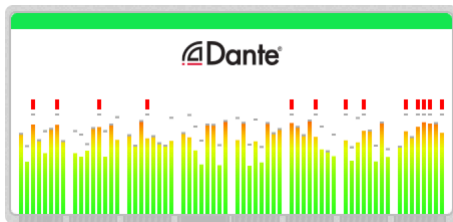
1. Open the MADI Coaxial input port in the routing view.
2. Click the  icon that appears within the port.
3. Toggle the switch "Auto Input" to **ON**.



### 9.3. Dante Input

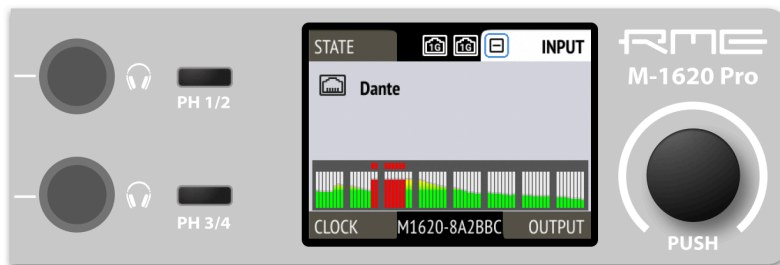
Connections to the M-1620 Pro D are created and inspected using the Dante® Controller. It can be downloaded as described here: [Dante Connectivity](#).

On the web remote, the Dante input is shown as an expandable tile with all incoming audio levels:



Routes from any incoming Dante channel can be internally connected to any output channel. The current routings are indicated as lines between inputs and outputs.

The signals that are received via Dante are shown within the input section:



It is not possible to see where the signals are routed from the input section on the device. Routings are created and inspected within the output ports.

### 9.4. ADAT Inputs

There are [four ADAT® Lightpipe S/PDIF connectors](#) that are individually monitored for proper synchronization. If several ports are used at the same time, it must be ensured that they are synchronized - for example by connecting Word Clock or ADAT signals from the M-1620 Pro D to the devices and synchronizing them to the incoming digital signal.

To route a signal from the ADAT input to an output of the device, visit the corresponding output section and [create a routing](#) from there.

The channel count depends on the device sampling rate (four channels at double speed, two



channels at quad speed). Changing the sampling rate to double or quad speed temporarily hides the channels that cannot be received for each output port, but restores previous routings once the sampling rate is reduced in the clock settings.



At 44.1 and 48 kHz, a maximum of eight channels can be received per port. This amount is reduced to four channels at 88.2 and 96 kHz (double speed), and to two channels at 176.4 and 192 kHz (quad speed) respectively.

## 10. OUTPUT Section

The output section represents the internal routing matrix and state of the outputs. Routing is performed by selecting an output and assigning any input to it. When a routing is active, its input is automatically monitored for lock and sync in the input section.

*Example:*

In the **OUTPUT** section, **MADI Optical 1-12** is chosen as source for **Dante® channel 1-12**.

The M-1620 Pro D is clock master, but the incoming MADI signal is not correctly synchronized. This causes a warning in the **INPUT** section. If **MADI Optical** is not routed to any output, an invalid or missing signal does not cause a warning.



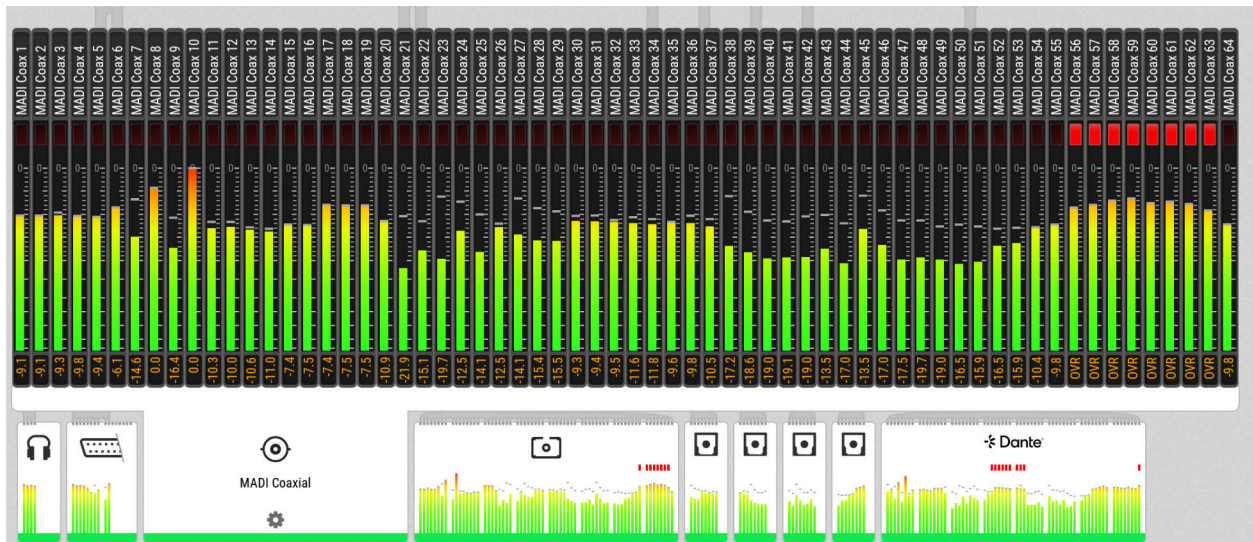
Use the web remote to find out quickly which outputs are receiving a specific input signal. The web remote provides a thorough representation of all active routing connections at a glance.

### Device Output Section

The device allows full inspection and configuration of outgoing signals including routing with the use of the encoder.

### Web Remote Output Section

The web remote integrates the output ports with a visual routing interface. Output ports are shown as icons along the bottom of the screen, with visualized routings that point to the corresponding inputs. Each port can be opened to reveal its output levels, settings, and detailed routing.



### 10.1. Routing Signals to the Outputs

Each output channel of the M-1620 Pro D can receive any input signal. The factory default preset does not contain any routing.



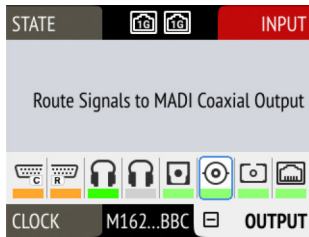
A routing immediately activates input monitoring for a corresponding digital input and raises a warning in the input state if the source signal is not available or out of sync.

The following example shows the procedure to route to MADI Coaxial output channels. Other outputs

follow the same procedure.

*To create a routing to a MADI output on the device:*

1. Open the **OUTPUT** section.



2. Rotate the encoder to highlight the coaxial or optical MADI icon.  
"Route Signals to MADI Coaxial/Optical Output" text will be shown on the display.
3. Press the encoder to open the routing. The cursor will highlight the first available channel block.
4. Either rotate the encoder to select the next available channel block or press it to start assigning the source signal.
5. Again, rotate the encoder to select the source for the selected output.  
Choosing "not routed" deletes an existing routing, and "cancel" aborts the routing and keeps the previous routing.

*To create a routing to a MADI output on the web remote:*

1. Enter the Routing mode by pressing the corresponding icon in the title bar.
2. Click the MADI coaxial or MADI optical output port.
3. Select individual or consecutive channels by clicking or dragging. The channels are highlighted in blue and an arrow handler is revealed.
4. If the input ports are closed, drag the handle onto an input port, it opens automatically.
5. Drag the handle onto the source channel strips to select a range of channels as signal source.

## 10.2. Analog Outputs

The line level outputs of the M-1620 Pro D operate at +13 dBu, +19 dBu, or +24 dBu. Each individual channel has its own line level setting, which can be adjusted remotely. Additionally, channels can be muted globally or individually.

In its default state, no routing exists between the digital inputs and the analog outputs. Each group of four consecutive outputs can receive its signal from any digital input that is connected and synchronized.

At all sample rates, the converters operate with short delay IIR filters. At single speed, a short delay 'sharp' filter is used to ensure linear frequency response. At double and quad speed, a short delay 'slow' filter is used to optimize the transient response of the M-1620 Pro D while maintaining linear frequency response in the audible range. The filters can be changed in the State menu.

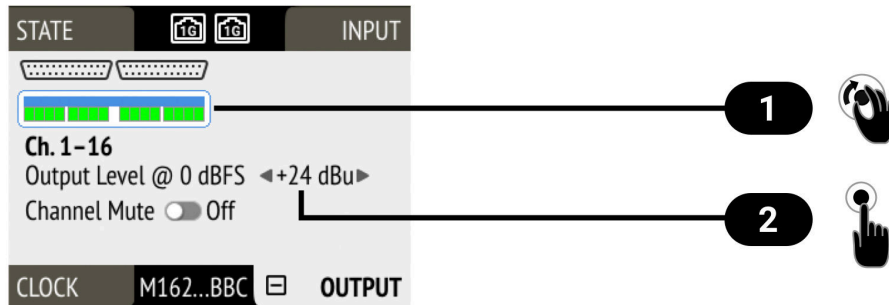
### 10.2.1. Adjusting the Output Line Level

*To adjust the output line level:*

1. Open the **Analog Output Configuration** tab in the **OUTPUT** section.



- Initially, the cursor will highlight all output channels. To accept this, rotate the encoder to move the cursor to the current reference level.
- Alternatively, pressing the encoder on the channel strip allows the selection of an individual channel.



- |          |                          |
|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>1</b> | Cursor (current channel) |
| <b>2</b> | Output Reference Level   |

- Move the cursor to the current **line level** and push it.
- Rotate the encoder to change the setting and confirm by pushing the encoder again.

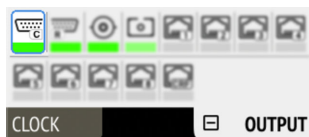
*To adjust the output line level on the web remote:*

- Select an analog output channel by clicking the corresponding channel strip. The channel strip turns blue.
- (optional) Click and drag left or right to select multiple channels.
- Press one of the buttons for **+13 dBu**, **+19 dBu** or **+24 dBu** below the selection. The selected value is shown within the level meter.

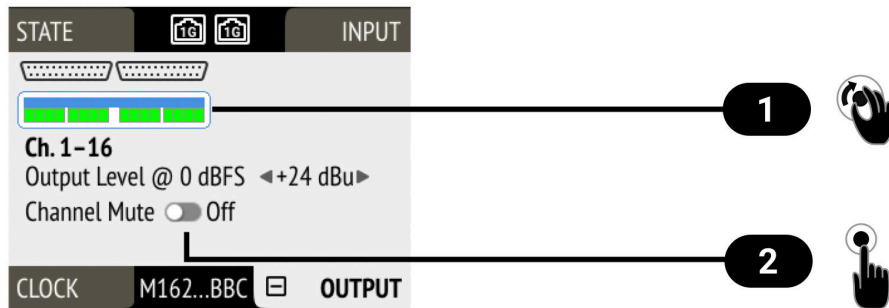
### 10.2.2. Mute Analog Outputs

*To mute an individual output channel on the device:*

- Open the **Analog Output Configuration** tab in the **OUTPUT** section



- Initially, the cursor will highlight all output channels. Press the encoder, then rotate the encoder to move the cursor to the channel that should be muted.



- 1 Cursor (current channel)
- 2 Channel Mute

3. Move the cursor to **Mute** Toggle and push it.

*To mute an output channel using the web remote:*

1. Select an analog output channel by clicking the corresponding channel strip. The channel strip turns blue.
2. (optional) Click and drag left or right to select multiple channels.
3. Toggle the **Mute** switch. The status is reflected with a red **M** in the corresponding level meters.

### 10.2.3. Phones Out

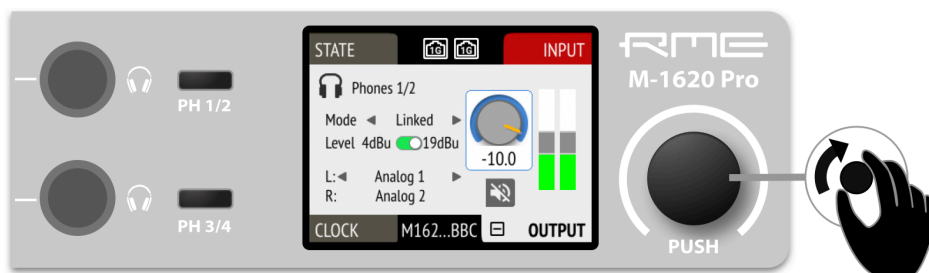
The [front TRS connectors](#) can be used for phones or as balanced mono outputs. Each of the four channels can receive a signal from any connected digital or analog source. A button next to each headphone jack gives access to all features of the output.

### 10.2.4. Adjusting the Headphone Volume

The volume of the unbalanced phone outputs can be adjusted separately or as a stereo pair.

*To adjust the headphone volume on the device:*

1. Press the **PH 1/2** or **PH 3/4** Button next to the corresponding headphone output.
2. Rotate the encoder to adjust the gain.



*To adjust the phones output level:*

1. Open the corresponding output channel strip.
2. Use the encoder to adjust the gain in the 'PHONES' channel strip.



Press the **Shift** key while dragging the knob for finer adjustments.



Clicking twice on the encoder knob opens a text field that can be used to input a value using the keyboard.

*To separate the left and right headphone channels:*

1. Press the Button labeled "Stereo". The button turns grey and a second channel strip opens with its own gain control.

Press the "Stereo" button again to create a stereo channel.



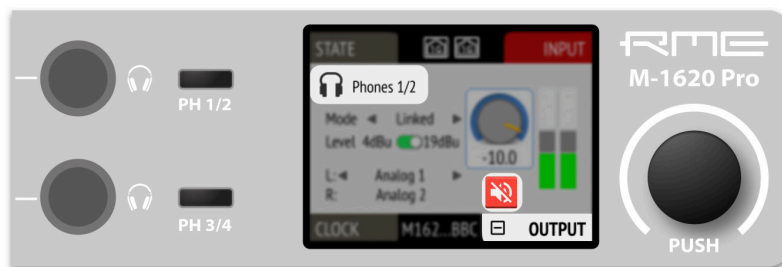
Any previously created gain offset between left and right channel will be ignored when joining the channels to a stereo group.

In addition, the overall output level can be adjusted between +4 and +19 dBu for each phones output (+10 dBu and +25 dBu in balanced mode)

### 10.2.5. Muting the Phones Output

*To mute the phones output:*

1. Press the **PH 1/2** or **PH 3/4** button next to the corresponding phones output.
2. Confirm the current output gain by pressing the encoder once.
3. Turn the encoder to highlight the MUTE button.



4. Press the mute button. It turns red to symbolize that the phones are muted.



*To mute the phones output using the web remote:*

1. Press the mute button in the Phones output channel.

### 10.2.6. Using Phones Out as a Balanced Line Output

The headphone output can operate as a mono balanced line level output. This may for example be useful when an active talkback speaker with symmetrical input is connected to the 12Mic.

*To activate balanced output mode on the device:*

1. Press the **PH 1/2** or **PH 3/4** button to access phones output settings.
2. Confirm the current gain by pressing the encoder, then turn the encoder to navigate to "Mode".
3. Push and turn the encoder to activate "balanced", push again to confirm. The channel that was routed to the left phones output will now be applied to both tip and ring of a TRS connector, the phase being inverted on the ring.

To toggle balanced output mode using the web remote:

1. Open the phones output channel.



2. Press the **BAL** button to switch the channel to balanced out. The channel that was routed to the left phones output will now be applied to both tip and ring of a TRS connector, the phase being inverted on the ring.

### 10.3. MADI Outputs

The MADI outputs of the M-1620 Pro D are always active. If no routing is configured, an empty stream is sent that can be used for clocking. The state without routing is represented with a light-green **Status Indicator**.

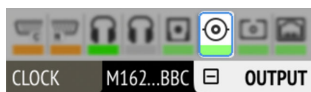
For instructions on how to create a routing to the MADI Output, see [Section 10.1, "Routing Signals to the Outputs"](#).

#### 10.3.1. Setting the Output Channel Format and Frame Pattern

Depending on the requirements of the receiver, it is possible to change the channel format and frame pattern of the outgoing MADI streams.

To change the channel format of both MADI outputs on the device:

1. Go to one of the **MADI** tabs in the **OUTPUT** section.



2. Toggle the switch to **56Ch** or **64Ch** to adjust number of output channels.

To change the channel format of both MADI outputs using the web remote:

1. Open either MADI output port in the routing view.
2. Select the channel mode from the corresponding menu.



56Ch and 64Ch format correspond to 28/32 channels at double speed, and to 14/16 channels at quad speed.

To change the frame pattern of both MADI outputs on the device:

1. Go to one of the **MADI** tabs in the **OUTPUT** section.
2. Toggle the switch for 96k to use the 96k frame at 88.2 kHz and 96 kHz.

To change the frame pattern of both MADI outputs using the web remote:

1. Open either MADI output port in the routing view.
2. Select the frame format from the corresponding menu.



The 96k frame setting affects outgoing MADI signals at sample rates 88.2 kHz and 96 kHz. At other sample rates, the setting is not relevant and does not affect the outgoing signal.



It is not possible to select separate settings for each MADI port. Both ports will be affected regardless which output tab is used to change the setting.

### 10.3.2. MADI Daisy Chains

MADI is a uni-directional protocol with a fixed number of channels. When more than two MADI devices are connected, a serial connection is required. This is also referred to as a "daisy chain". The output of the first device is connected to the input of the second device, the output of the second device to the input of third device, and so on, until the signal is plugged into the input of the first device.

In a daisy chain, each device must be configured to pass on the *relevant* audio channels of its MADI input (the preceding devices) to the MADI output (the following device). Otherwise, each device would create a new MADI signal and not pass on audio from the devices that are connected to it.



While many RME devices pass on MADI signals automatically, the M-1620 Pro D must be explicitly configured to do so.

In order to pass on signals, configure the output routing of the required output port to pass on the signal from the MADI input port.



The latency of the MADI I/O is four samples.



The M-1620 Pro D creates an entirely new output signal and does not pass on any embedded information. One exception are SysEx messages (incl. MIDI over MADI) that are passed on between the ports chosen in the [MIDI Remote settings](#).

### 10.3.3. MADI Port Mirroring

A redundant MADI connection protects from loss of audio in case of a single cable failure. To achieve redundancy, the receiver must support MADI redundancy. The sender must send two identical MADI signals on two outputs, usually the coaxial and optical ports.

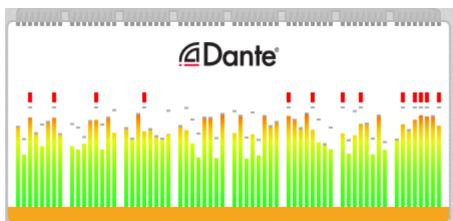
The M-1620 Pro D features independent routing for both MADI output ports. For this reason, a "mirroring" of the signal must be manually created. In order to do this, the routing of the two MADI outputs should be configured to contain the same routing.



The receiving device usually ignores the audio contents of the two MADI signals. Therefore, the redundancy may appear to be set up even though the M-1620 Pro D sends different audio signals on both ports. Always ensure that the routing is correct for both output ports.

## 10.4. Dante Output

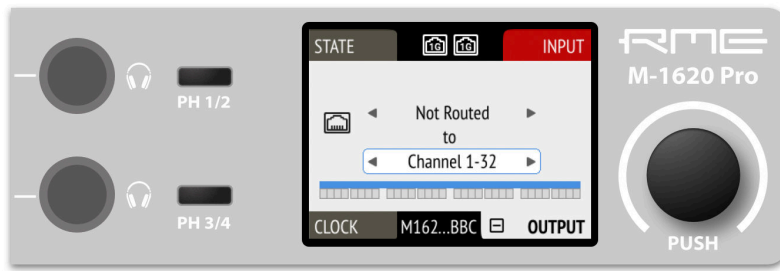
On the web remote, the Dante output is shown as an expandable tile with all outgoing audio levels:



Signals from any incoming audio channel can be internally routed to the Dante output channels. The current routings are indicated as lines between inputs and outputs.

The signals that are transmitted via Dante can be selected and inspected in the output section:





The method to create routings is described in section [Routing Signals to the Outputs](#)

There are no settings available or required in the Dante section. All further Dante configuration must be made in the [Dante Controller](#).

## 10.5. ADAT Outputs

The ADAT outputs of the M-1620 Pro D are always active and can therefore be used as a clock source for other devices with corresponding inputs.

On a new device, with preset 1 loaded and not modified, the analog input channels 1-8 are routed to ADAT port 1, and channels 9-12 are sent to ADAT port 2.

To create or modify routings, see [How to Create an Output Routing](#).

The routing to ADAT outputs is saved per port. As a result, changing the sampling rate to double or quad speed temporarily hides the channels that cannot be transmitted for each output port, but restores their routing once the sampling rate is reduced in the clock settings.



At 44.1 and 48 kHz, a maximum of eight channels can be transmitted per port. This amount is reduced to four channels at 88.2 and 96 kHz (double speed), and to two channels at 176.4 and 192 kHz (quad speed) respectively.

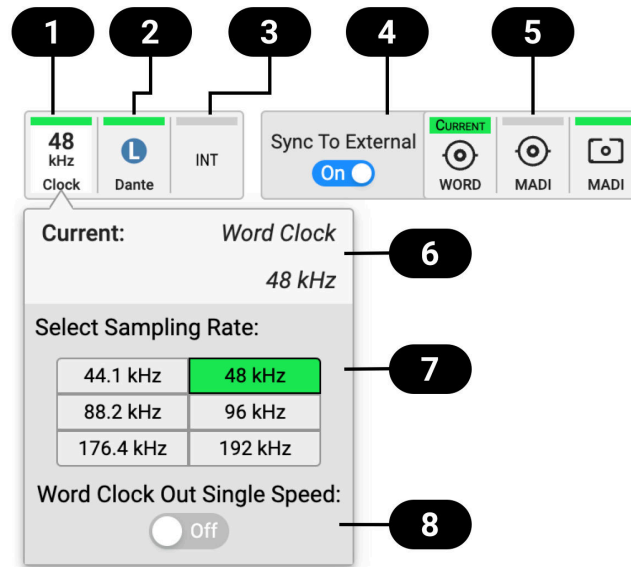


there are no settings available or necessary for the ADAT outputs.

## 11. CLOCK Section

The **CLOCK** section is used to inspect and configure the clock source and sample rate of the M-1620 Pro D.

### Web remote



- 1 Clock Section
- 2 Selected Reference Clock
- 3 Status Indicator
- 4 Current Clock Reference and Rate
- 5 Sample Rate Selection
- 6 Word Clock Output Single Speed Setting
- 7 Set as Clock Reference

### 11.1. Clock Status

The clock of all digital inputs is continuously monitored with **SyncCheck™** and shown in the **CLOCK** section. A **warning (red)** occurs when the chosen clock source fails. A **caution (orange)** is displayed when a routed signal is out of sync. A **notice (light yellow)** is displayed when a signal is present/locked, but not in sync and not routed. A **good notice (light green)** is displayed when a signal is present and in sync, but not routed or chosen as clock source. A **good confirmation (green)** is shown when the signal is present and either chosen as source or routed and in sync.



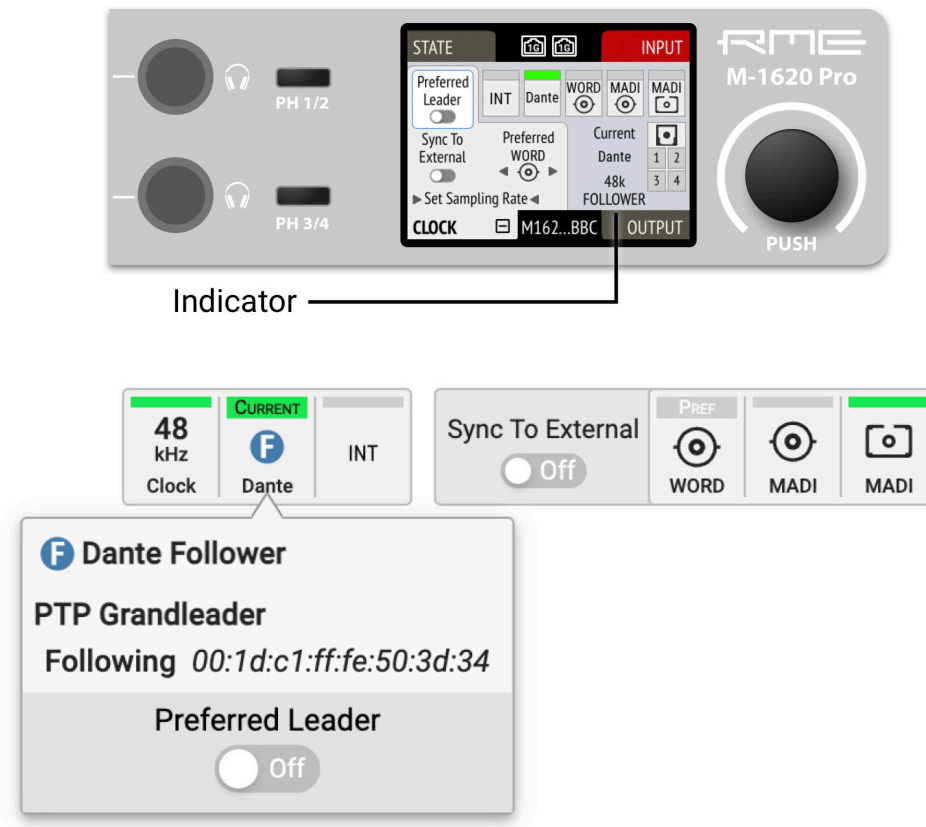
A **warning** causes the CLOCK section to turn red, and the selected source generating the issue is displayed on the standby screen.

### 11.2. Leader Clock

In its default state, the M-1620 Pro D uses an internal reference clock for its audio signals. When connected to other Dante® devices, one device is elected the **Leader Clock**, and the other devices synchronize via network as **Followers**. This election takes place automatically and does not require

any user interaction.

The current state can be observed in the Dante controller, the web remote and the device display:



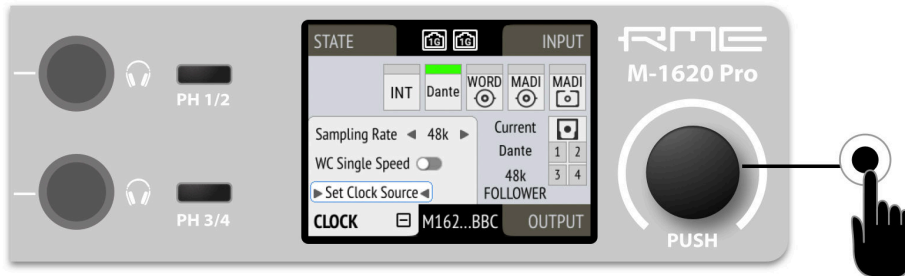
When receiving MADI signals from other devices, these signals must use the same reference clock as the M-1620 Pro D. This is usually achieved by connecting a MADI or Word Clock signal from the M-1620 Pro D to the other MADI device. The other device must then be configured to use that signal as a reference clock signal.

Alternatively, a device connected via MADI or Word Clock can be used as an external reference clock. This may be necessary when the configuration of the MADI device cannot be changed. The external clock must match the sample rate configured and the M-1620 Pro D must be clock leader.

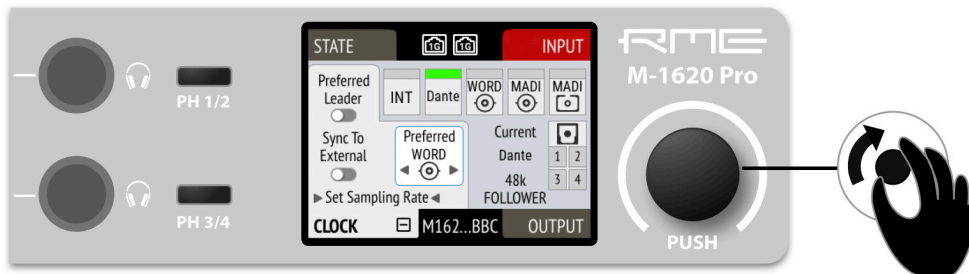
### 11.2.1. Synchronizing to External

To configure an external clock preference on the device:

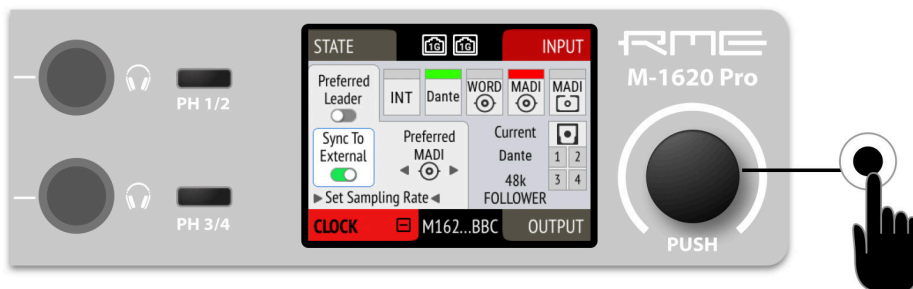
1. Enter the **CLOCK** section (see [Section 2.3, "Use of the Display and Encoder"](#)).
2. Enter the submenu "Set Clock Source"



3. Select an external clock source and push the encoder to confirm.

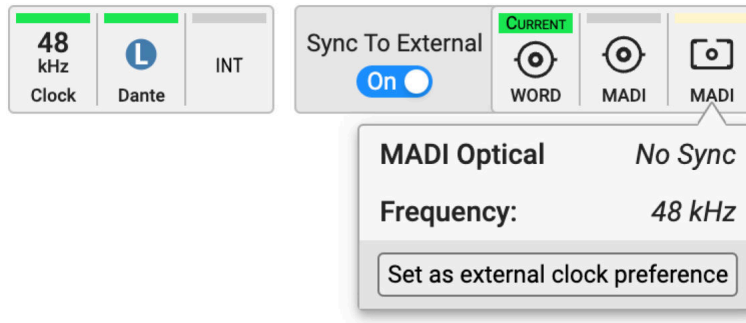


4. Toggle "Sync To External" to 'on' using the encoder.



To configure an external clock preference using the web remote:

1. In the Clock panel, locate the button for the corresponding clock and click it.
2. Within the dropdown, press **Set as external clock preference**.



### 11.3. Sample Rates Overview

The M-1620 Pro D supports the following sample rates:

*Supported sample rates*

Single speed	44.1 kHz, 48 kHz
Double speed	88.2 kHz, 96 kHz
Quad speed	176.4 kHz, 192 kHz

#### 11.3.1. Number of Channels

The supported number of channels per port at different sample rates is shown in the following table.

*Supported number of audio channels per port and direction at different sample rates*

	44.1 kHz	48 kHz	88.2 kHz	96 kHz	176.4 kHz	192 kHz
Dante®	64	64	32	32	16	16
ADAT	8	8	4	4	2	2
MADI 56 Ch	56	56	28	28	14	14
MADI 64 Ch	64	64	32	32	16	16
MADI 56 Ch (96k frame)	---	---	28	28	---	---
MADI 64 Ch (96k frame)	---	---	32	32	---	---



Since there are two independent MADI ports, the total supported number of channels can be multiplied by two. The analog channel count remains identical at all sample rates.

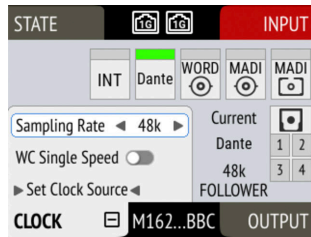


The Dante channel count is based on a gigabit ethernet connection. Dante also supports 100 MBit/s switches, however this will limit the above channel count to less than half. It is recommended to only use gigabit ethernet connections.

#### 11.3.2. Selecting a Sample Rate

*To configure the device sample rate on the device:*

1. Enter the **CLOCK** section.



2. Rotate the encoder to highlight the current sample rate.
3. Push the encoder. Two blue arrows will appear to indicate that the encoder can now be used to change the current setting.
4. Rotate the encoder until the preferred sample rate is shown.
5. Push the encoder again to activate the setting.

*To configure the device sample rate on the web remote:*

1. Locate the **Select sample rate** drop down menu in the **CLOCK** section.
2. Select a sample rate from the drop down menu. The new rate is applied immediately.

### 11.3.3. Effects of Sample Rate Changes on Existing Routing

The M-1620 Pro D saves one routing table per preset, regardless of sample rate. A change of sample rate or MADI frame mode can reduce the number of input and output channels available for routing. This does not alter the routing table. Any existing routing is hidden until another change of sample rate re-enables the channels.

*Example:*

A routing is created at 96 kHz with 32 channels, sending the MADI coaxial Input 1-32 to optical MADI Output 1-32. If the sample rate is now changed to 176.4 kHz and the 56 Ch frame is activated, only the first 14 channels of MADI coaxial input are routed to the optical output. Switching the sample rate to 44.1 or 48 kHz will reveal the previous routing for 32 channels.

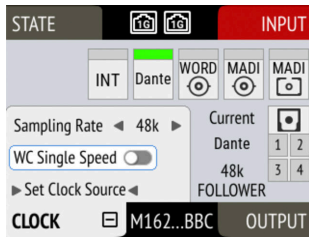
### 11.4. Set Word Clock Output to Single Speed

At sample rates > 48 kHz, it may be necessary to synchronize two devices with a fraction of the actual sample rate:

Sample Rate	Word Clock Full Speed (default)	Word Clock Single Speed (option)
88.2 kHz	88.2 kHz	44.1 kHz
96 kHz	96 kHz	48 kHz
176.4 kHz	176.4 kHz	44.1 kHz
192 kHz	192 kHz	48 kHz

*To set the Word Clock output to single speed on the device:*

1. Open the **CLOCK** section.



2. Move the cursor onto the toggle switch **Word Out Single** and push the encoder to change the value.

*To set the Word Clock output to single speed on the web remote:*

1. Locate the **CLOCK** section.
2. Move the cursor onto the **Word Out Single** switch and push the encoder to change the value.

## 12. Annex

### Trademarks and Copyright

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## 12.1. Glossary

### 96k frame

MADI sources with a sample rate of 88.2kHz or 96kHz can be configured to use the so-called **96k frame**. If this frame is used, a sample rate of 88.2 or 96 kHz can be detected on the receiver side automatically. When it is not used, or when higher sample rates are used, the receiver must always be configured to the correct factor (x2, x4) since there is no other mechanism in MADI that allows automatic detection.

### Double speed

A sampling rate of 88.2 kHz or 96 kHz (compare [single speed](#) and [quad speed](#))

### DHCP server

A DHCP Server hands out IP addresses to network devices. Every consumer oriented WiFi Router has a default DHCP Server handing out private addresses, usually 192.168.0.x. The IP address of a network device must be known in order to communicate with it on Layer 3.

### MADI

Multichannel Digital Audio Interface as defined in the AES 10 standard. Used to receive and transmit up to 64 uncompressed audio channels over coaxial or fibre optic connection.

### Quad speed

A sampling rate of 176.4 or 192 kHz (compare [single speed](#) and [double speed](#)).

### Single speed

A sampling rate of 44.1 kHz or 48 kHz (compare [double speed](#) and [quad speed](#)).

### Word Clock

An electrical square wave signal transported over coaxial 75 Ohm terminated cables. It is used to synchronize the receiving device (slave, word clock input) to the sending device (master, word clock output).

## 12.2. Regulatory Compliance

### 12.2.1. CE Compliance

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits of the European Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to electromagnetic compatibility according to RL2014/30/EU, and European Low Voltage Directive RL2014/35/EU.

### 12.2.2. FCC Compliance

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**WARNING:** Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**NOTE:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the

instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded cables must be used with this unit to ensure compliance with the Class B FCC limits.

Responsible Party in USA: Synthax United States, 6600 NW 16th Street, Suite 10, Ft Lauderdale, FL 33313 T.:754.206.4220

Trade Name: RME, Model Number: M-1620 Pro D

### **12.2.3. Note on Disposal**

According to the guide line RL2002/96/EG (WEEE – Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment), valid for all european countries, this product has to be recycled at the end of its lifetime. In case a disposal of electronic waste is not possible, the recycling can also be done by Scheck Audio GmbH, the manufacturer of this device.

For this the device has to be sent free to the door to:

Scheck Audio GmbH, 3. Industriestr. 5, 68804 Altlussheim, Germany.

Shipments not prepaid will be rejected and returned on the original sender's costs.